Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Zulassungsstelle für Bauprodukte und Bauarten

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

Eine vom Bund und den Ländern gemeinsam getragene Anstalt des öffentlichen Rechts

Kolonnenstraße 30 B D-10829 Berlin Tel.: +49 30 78730-0 Fax: +49 30 78730-320 E-Mail: dibt@dibt.de www.dibt.de





Mitglied der EOTA

Member of EOTA

European Technical Approval ETA-07/0156

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

Handelsbezeichnung Trade name StoTherm Classic 1 MW/MW-L

Zulassungsinhaber Holder of approval Sto Aktiengesellschaft Ehrenbachstraße 1 79780 Stühlingen DEUTSCHLAND

Zulassungsgegenstand und Verwendungszweck

Außenseitiges Wärmedämm-Verbundsystem mit Putzschicht zur Wärmedämmung von Gebäuden

Generic type and use of construction product

External Thermal Insulation Composite System with rendering for the use as external insulation of building walls

Geltungsdauer: vom Validity: from

25 July 2007

bis to 25 July 2012

verlängert vom extended from

26 July 2012

bis to 26 July 2017

Herstellwerk

Manufacturing plant

Sto Aktiengesellschaft Ehrenbachstraße 1 79780 Stühlingen DEUTSCHLAND

Diese Zulassung umfasst This Approval contains 21 Seiten einschließlich 2 Anhänge 21 pages including 2 annexes



Europäische Organisation für Technische Zulassungen European Organisation for Technical Approvals



Page 2 of 21 | 26 July 2012

I LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1 This European technical approval is issued by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik in accordance with:
 - Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products¹, modified by Council Directive 93/68/EEC² and Regulation (EC) N° 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council³;
 - Gesetz über das In-Verkehr-Bringen von und den freien Warenverkehr mit Bauprodukten zur Umsetzung der Richtlinie 89/106/EWG des Rates vom 21. Dezember 1988 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Bauprodukte und anderer Rechtsakte der Europäischen Gemeinschaften (Bauproduktengesetz - BauPG) vom 28. April 1998⁴, as amended by law of 31 October 2006⁵;
 - Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European technical approvals set out in the Annex to Commission Decision 94/23/EC⁶;
 - Guideline for European technical approval of "External Thermal Insulation Composite Systems with Rendering", ETAG 004, edition March 2000.
- Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik is authorized to check whether the provisions of this European technical approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant. Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products to the European technical approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European technical approval.
- This European technical approval is not to be transferred to manufacturers or agents of manufacturers other than those indicated on page 1, or manufacturing plants other than those laid down in the context of this European technical approval.
- This European technical approval may be withdrawn by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission according to Article 5 (1) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
- Reproduction of this European technical approval including transmission by electronic means shall be in full. However, partial reproduction can be made with the written consent of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik. In this case partial reproduction has to be designated as such. Texts and drawings of advertising brochures shall not contradict or misuse the European technical approval.
- The European technical approval is issued by the approval body in its official language. This version corresponds fully to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.

Official Journal of the European Communities L 40, 11 February 1989, p. 12

² Official Journal of the European Communities L 220, 30 August 1993, p. 1

Official Journal of the European Union L 284, 31 October 2003, p. 25

Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 1998, p. 812

⁵ Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 2006, p. 2407, 2416

Official Journal of the European Communities L 17, 20 January 1994, p. 34



Page 3 of 21 | 26 July 2012

II SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

1 Definition of products and intended use

The External Thermal Insulation Composite System "StoTherm Classic 2 MW/MW-L" called ETICS in the following text, is designed and installed in accordance with the ETA-holder design and installation instructions, deposited with the Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik (DIBt). The ETICS comprises the following components, which are factory-produced by the ETA-holder or a supplier. It's made up on site from these. The ETA-holder is ultimately responsible for the ETICS.

Depending on the European market, different trade names are used for same component. To simplify, only the "German" trade names appear in the following text. Annex 1 gives the corresponding "French" and "English" trade names.

1.1 Definition of the construction product

| | Components (see clause 2.3 for further description, characteristics and performances) | Coverage [kg/m²] | Thickness [mm] |
|--|---|------------------------|-------------------|
| Insulation material with associated method of | Bonded ETICS: Insulation product factory-prefabricated mineral wool (MW) product to EN 13162:2008 | | |
| fixing | MW lamellaAdhesives | - | ≤ 200 |
| - | StoLevell FT (cement based powder requiring addition of about 28 % of water) | 6.0 to 7.0 (powder) | _ |
| | StoLevell Uni (cement based powder requiring addition of (20-23) % of water) | 3.0 to 6.0 (powder) | _ |
| | Sto-Baukleber (cement based powder requiring addition of (22-26) % of water) | 4.0 to 7.0 (powder) | _ |
| | Mechanically fixed ETICS with profiles and supplementary adhesive: | | |
| | Insulation product factory-prefabricated mineral wool (MW) product to EN 13162:2008 | | |
| | MW Platte, σ_{mt} ≥ 14 kPa Supplementary adhesives | - | 60 to 200 |
| | (equal to bonded ETICS) Profiles Sto-Halteleiste Alu Sto-Verbindungsleiste Alu Aluminium (Al) -profiles | | |
| | Anchors for profiles – ejotherm SK U – WS 8 L – WS 8 N | | |



Page 4 of 21 | 26 July 2012

English translation prepared by DIBt

| | Components (see clause 2.3 for further description, characteristics and performances) | Coverage [kg/m²] | Thickness [mm] |
|----------------------|--|---------------------|-------------------|
| Insulation | ejotherm SDK U | | |
| material with | - IsoFux ND-8Z | | |
| associated method of | SDF-K plus, SDF-S plus | | |
| fixing | ejotherm NK U | | |
| | Anchors for insulation product if necessary | | |
| | all anchors with ETA according to ETAG 014 ⁷ with characteristics defined in clause 2.3.2 | | |
| | Mechanically fixed ETICS with anchors and | | |
| | supplementary adhesive: | | |
| | Insulation product | | |
| | factory-prefabricated mineral wool (MW) product | | |
| | to EN 13162:2008 | | 60 to 340 |
| | - MW panel - MW lamella | _ | 60 to 200 |
| | Supplementary adhesives | | 00 10 200 |
| | (equal to bonded ETICS) | | |
| | Anchors for insulation product | | |
| | all anchors with ETA according to ETAG 014 ⁷ with characteristics defined in clause 2.3.2 | | |
| Base coat | StoArmat Classic | | Mean (dry): |
| | Ready to use paste (cement free): acrylic copolymer binder, silicate fillers, fibres and additives | about 3.7 | 2.8 to 3.3 |
| Glass fibre | Sto-Glasfasergewebe | _ | _ |
| mesh | Alkali- and slide-resistant glass fibre mesh with mass per unit area of about 150 g/m² and mesh size of about 6.0 mm x 6.0 mm. | | |
| | Sto-Glasfasergewebe F | _ | _ |
| | Alkali- and slide-resistant glass fibre mesh with mass per unit area of about 160 g/m² and mesh size of about 4.0 mm x 4.0 mm. | | |
| | Sto-Fibre de Verre Ra 60 | _ | _ |
| | Alkali- and slide-resistant glass fibre mesh with mass per unit area of about 175 g/m² and mesh size of about 4.0 mm x 4.0 mm. | | |
| | Sto-Panzergewebe | _ | _ |
| | (reinforced mesh implemented in addition to the meshes described above to improve the impact resistance) | | |
| | Alkali- and slide-resistant glass fibre mesh with mass per unit area of about 500 g/m² and mesh size of about 7.5 mm x 7.5 mm. | | |



Page 5 of 21 | 26 July 2012

English translation prepared by DIBt

| | Components (see clause 2.3 for further description, characteristics and performances) | Coverage [kg/m²] | Thickness [mm] | |
|-----------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Glass fibre mesh | Sto-Abschirmgewebe AES (special mesh including a thin stainless yarn to reduce radiation of electric fields) Alkali- and slide-resistant glass fibre mesh with mass per | _ | | |
| | unit area of about 170 g/m² and mesh size of about 4.0 mm x 4.0 mm. | | | |
| Finishing coat | Ready to use pastes - acrylic binder: Stolit K (particle size 1.0 to 6.0 mm) Stolit R (particle size 1.5 to 6.0 mm) | 2.0 to 6.5 2.2 to 6.1 | Regulated by particle size | |
| | Stolit Effect (particle size 3.0 mm) Stolit MP (thin, middle or thick layer) | 4.5 to 5.5 2.2 to 4.7 | 1.5 to 3.5 | |
| | Stolit Milano Stolit Milano + Stolit K (particle size 1.5 mm) StoLotusan MP (thin, middle or thick layer) | 2.0 to 4.0 ca. 3.0 + ca. 2.3 2.2 to 4.7 | 1.0 to 2.0 2.0 to 3.0 1.5 to 3.5 | |
| | StoLotusan K (particle size 1.0 to 3.0 mm) StoSuperlit K (particle size 1.5 to 2.0 mm) | 2.0 to 5.0 4.5 to 6.0 | Regulated by particle | |
| | Ready to use pastes – acrylic/siloxane binder: StoSilco K (particle size 1.0 to 3.0 mm) StoSilco R (particle size 1.5 to 3.5 mm) | 2.0 to 5.0 2.9 to 4.5 | size | |
| | StoSilco MP (thin, middle or thick layer) Ready to use paste - acrylic binder - associated with a decorative paint: | 2.2 to 4.7 | 1.5 to 3.5 | |
| | StoNivellit + StoSilco Color (acrylic/siloxane binder) | 3.0 to 3.5 0.2 to 0.4 l/m² | 1.0 to 1.5 | |
| | Ready to use pastes – acrylic binder (application between 0 °C and 15 °C): Stolit QS K (particle size 1.0 to 3.0 mm) Stolit QS R (particle size 1.5 to 3.0 mm) | 2.0 to 4.8 2.2 to 4.5 | Regulated by particle size | |
| | Stolit QS MP (thin, middle or thick layer) Ready to use pastes – acrylic/siloxane binder | 2.2 to 4.7 | 1.5 to 3.5 | |
| | (application between 0 °C and 15 °C): StoSilco QS K (particle size 1.0 to 3.0 mm) StoSilco QS R (particle size 1.5 to 3.0 mm) | 2.0 to 5.0 2.9 to 4.5 | Regulated by particle size | |
| | StoSilco QS MP (thin, middle or thick layer) Ready to use paste - acrylic binder - associated with synthetic briquettes: | 2.2 to 4.7 | 1.5 to 3.5 | |
| | Sto-Klebe- und Fugenmörtel + Sto-Flachverblender - size I, II and III | 3.0 to 4.0 76, 64 und 48 pieces/m²* | 4.0 to 7.0 | |
| Decorative paint | Gebrauchsfertige Farbe mit Acrylsiloxan-Bindemittel StoSilco Color | 0.2 to 0.4 l/m² | _ | |
| Ancillary material | | | | |
| * Depend on the | Depend on the size of the pieces (I, II or III). | | | |



Page 6 of 21 | 26 July 2012

1.2 Intended use

This ETICS is intended to be used as external insulation to the walls of buildings made of masonry (bricks, blocks, stones ...) or concrete (cast on site or as prefabricated panels) with and without rendering (Class A1 or A2 - s1,d0 according to EN 13501-1:2007). It shall be designed to give the wall to which it is applied satisfactory thermal insulation.

The ETICS is no load-bearing construction element. It does not contribute directly to the stability of the wall on which it is installed, but it can contribute to durability by providing enhanced protection from the effects of weathering.

The ETICS can be used on new or existing (retrofit) vertical walls.

The ETICS is not intended to ensure the air tightness of the building structure.

The choice of the method of fixing depends on the characteristics of the substrate, which could need preparation (see clause 7.2.1 of ETAG 004) and on the national instructions.

The provisions made in this European technical approval (ETA) based upon the assumed intended working life of the ETICS of at least 25 years, provided that the conditions laid down in clauses 4.2, 5.1 and 5.2 for the packaging, transport, storage, installation as well as appropriate use, maintenance and repair are met. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the manufacturer or the Approval Body, but should only be regarded as a means to choosing the appropriate products in relation to the expected, economically reasonable working life of the works.

2 Characteristics of products and methods of verification

2.1 General

The assessment of the fitness for use of the ETICS for the intended use according to the Essential Requirements was carried out in compliance with ETAG 004, "Guideline for European Technical Approval of External Thermal Insulation Composite Systems with rendering", edition March 2000 (called ETAG 004 in this ETA).

Characteristics (of the components as well as of the ETICS), not mentioned in this ETA nor in the annexes shall correspond to the respective values laid down in the technical documentation of this ETA.

2.2 Characteristics of the ETICS

2.2.1 Reaction to fire

| Rendering system: Base coat with finishing coat indicated hereafter | Maximum declared organic content | Class according to EN 13501-1:2007 |
|---|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Stolit K/R (particle size 1.0 to 3.0 mm) Stolit Effect/MP | | |
| Stolit QS K/R/MP | | |
| Stolit Milano | Base coat ≤ 9.7 % | A2 - s2,d0 |
| StoSilco K/R/MP | Finishing coat ≤ 10 % | AZ - 32,00 |
| StoSilco QS K/R/MP | | |
| StoNivellit + StoSilco Color | | |
| StoLotusan K/MP | | |



Page 7 of 21 | 26 July 2012

English translation prepared by DIBt

| Rendering system: Base coat with finishing coat indicated hereafter | Maximum declared organic content | Class according to EN 13501-1:2007 |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| Stolit K/R (particle size 3.5 to 6.0 mm) | Base coat ≤ 9.7 % | |
| Stolit K1.5 + Stolit Milano | Finishing coat ≤ 10 % | B - s2.d0 |
| Sto-Klebe- und Fugenmörtel + Sto-Flachverblender | Base coat ≤ 9.7 % Finishing coat ≤ 8.4 % | ,,,,,, |
| StoSuperlit K | - | F (no performance determined) |

Class A2 - s2,d0, mounting and fixing

(for all end use applications given in clause 1.2 of the ETA)

The assessment of reaction to fire is based on tests with an insulation layer thickness of 80 mm (testing according to EN 13823:2002 – SBI-test), resp. 40 mm (testing according to EN ISO 1716:2002) and a maximum insulation material (MW) density of 145 kg/m³ (SBI-test) resp. 80 kg/m³ (testing according to EN ISO 1716:2002) as well as a rendering system with the highest organic content, the lowest amount of flame retardant and additives and a coverage of the finishing coat of 3.0 kg/m².

The manufacturer of the tested MW panels is Deutsche Rockwool Mineralwolle GmbH, D-45966 Gladbeck.

Testing according to EN ISO 1716:2002 was carried out with an adhesive with the highest organic content.

For the SBI-test the ETICS was mounted directly to a gypsum plasterboard.

The installation of the ETICS was carried out by the approval holder following his design and installation instructions using a single mesh all over the test specimen.

The tests specimens were prefabricated and did not include any joints.

For the SBI-test the lateral edges were covered with the rendering system.

Anchors were not included in the tested ETICS as they have no influence on the test result.

Class B - s2,d0, mounting and fixing

(for all end use applications given in clause 1.2 of the ETA)

The assessment of reaction to fire is based on tests with an identical ETICS with EPS instead of mineral wool with an insulation layer thickness of 100 mm (SBI-test), resp. 60 mm (testing according to EN ISO 11925-2:2002), and organic based rendering systems with the highest layer thickness, the highest organic content and the lowest amount of flame retardant and additives.

For the SBI-tests the ETICS was mounted directly to a calcium silicate substrate (class A2 - s1,d0) according to EN 13238:2002 with a thickness of 11 mm resp. to a gypsum plasterboard (two different tests).

For testing according to EN ISO 11925-2:2002 no substrate was used.

The installation of the ETICS was carried out by the approval holder following his design and installation instructions using a single mesh all over the test specimen.

The tests specimens were prefabricated and did not include any joints.

For the SBI-test the lateral edges were covered with the rendering system.



Page 8 of 21 | 26 July 2012

English translation prepared by DIBt

For testing according to EN ISO 11925-2:2002 the edges were not covered with the rendering system (cut edges). The tests were performed with surface flaming of the front side, edge flaming and edge flaming turned by 90°.

Anchors were not included in the tested ETICS as they have no influence on the test result.

Note:

A European reference fire scenario for facades has not been laid down. In some Member States, the classification of ETICS according to EN 13501-1:2007 might not be sufficient for the use in facades. An additional assessment of ETICS according to national provisions (e.g. on the basis of a large scale test) might be necessary to comply with Member State regulations, until the existing European classification system has been completed.

2.2.2 Water absorption (capillarity test)

Base coat:

- Water absorption after 1 h < 1 kg/m²
- Water absorption after 24 h < 0.5 kg/m²

| Rendering system: | Water absorption after 24 h | |
|---|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Base coat with finishing coat indicated hereafter | < 0.5 kg/m² | ≥ 0.5 kg/m² |
| Stolit K/R/Effect/MP | х | |
| Stolit Milano | х | |
| Stolit Milano + Stolit K1.5 | х | |
| StoLotusan K/MP | х | |
| StoSuperlit K | х | |
| StoSilco K/R/MP | х | |
| StoNivellit | Х | |
| Stolit QS K/R/MP | х | |
| StoSilco QS K/R/MP | Х | |
| Sto-Klebe- und Fugenmörtel + Sto-Flachverblender | х | |

2.2.3 Hygrothermal behaviour

Hygrothermal cycles have been performed on a rig. None of the following defects occur during the testing:

- blistering or peeling of any finishing
- failure or cracking associated with joints between insulation product boards or profiles fitted with the system
- detachment of render
- cracking allowing water penetration to the insulation layer

The ETICS is so assessed resistant to hygrothermal cycles.

2.2.4 Freeze/thaw behaviour

The water absorption of the base coat as well as the rendering system is less than 0.5 kg/m² after 24 hours for all configurations of the ETICS. The ETICS is so assessed as freeze/thaw resistant.



Page 9 of 21 | 26 July 2012

2.2.5 Impact resistance

The verified resistance to hard body impact and to perforation (where necessary) lead to the following classification into categories (Standard mesh: "Sto-Glasfasergewebe", "Sto-Glasfasergewebe F" or "Sto-Fibre de Verre Ra 60").

| Rendering system: Base coat with finishing coat indicated hereafter | Standard mesh | Standard mesh + Sto-Panzergewebe | Sto-Abschirm- gewebe AES |
|---|---------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Stolit K/R/Effect/MP | Category II | Category I | Category II |
| Stolit Milano | Category III | Not dot | arminad |
| Stolit Milano + Stolit K1.5 | | Not determined | |
| StoLotusan K/MP | | | |
| StoSuperlit K | | Category I | |
| StoSilco K/R/MP | Category II | | Catagony II |
| StoNivellit + StoSilco Color | | Category II | Category II |
| Stolit QS K/R/MP | | Catagony | |
| StoSilco QS K/R/MP | Category I | | |
| Sto-Klebe- und Fugenmörtel + Sto-Flachverblender | Category I | | |

2.2.6 Water vapour permeability

| Rendering system: Base coat with finishing coat indicated hereafter (evaluated without decorative paint) | Equivalent air thickness s _d |
|--|--|
| Stolit K/R/Effect/MP | ≤ 1.5 m (Test result obtained with Stolit K2: 0.4 m) |
| Stolit QS K/R/MP | ≤ 1.0 m (Test result obtained with Stolit QS K2: 0.5 m) |
| Stolit Milano | ≤ 1.5 m (Test result obtained with d = 1 mm: 0.9 m) |
| Stolit K1.5 + Stolit Milano | ≤ 2.0 m (Test result obtained with d = 2.5 mm: 1.2 m) |
| StoSilco K/R/MP | ≤ 1.0 m (Test result obtained with StoSilco K2: 0.4 m) |
| StoSilco QS K/R/MP | ≤ 1.0 m (Test result obtained with StoSilco QS K2: 0.5 m) |
| StoNivellit + StoSilco Color | ≤ 1.0 m (Test result: 0.6 m) |
| StoSuperlit K | ≤ 1.0 m (Test result obtained with "Farbsand" (special colour coated grain) K2: 0.8 m) (Test result obtained with "Silmer" (natural coloured grain) K2: 0.7 m) |
| StoLotusan K/MP | ≤ 1.0 m (Test result obtained with StoLotusan K2: 0.6 m) |
| Sto-Klebe- und Fugenmörtel + Sto-Flachverblender | ≤ 1.0 m (Test result obtained with size III: 0.8 m) |

2.2.7 Emission of dangerous substances or radiation

The ETICS complies with the provisions of Guidance Paper H ("A harmonized approach related to dangerous substances under the construction product directives Revision August 2002").



Page 10 of 21 | 26 July 2012

English translation prepared by DIBt

In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this ETA, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

2.2.8 Safety in use

2.2.8.1 Bond strengths

Bond strength between base coat and insulation product (MW lamella)

| Conditioning | | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|
| Initial state | After freeze/thaw test | | |
| ≥ 0.08 MPa | ≥ 0.08 MPa but failure in the insulation product | Test not required because freeze/thaw cycles not necessary | |

Bond strength between adhesive and substrate resp. insulation product (MW lamella)

| | | Conditioning | | |
|----------------|------------|---------------|---|--|
| | | Initial state | 2 d immersion in water + 2 h drying | 2 d immersion in water + 7 d drying |
| | Concrete | ≥ 0.25 MPa | ≥ 0.08 MPa | ≥ 0.25 MPa |
| StoLevell FT | MW lamella | ≥ 0.08 MPa | ≥ 0.03 MPa | < 0.08 MPa but failure in the insulation product |
| Sto Baukleber | Concrete | ≥ 0.25 MPa | ≥ 0.08 MPa | ≥ 0.25 MPa |
| Sto Baukiebei | MW lamella | ≥ 0.08 MPa | ≥ 0.03 MPa | ≥ 0.08 MPa |
| StoLevell Uni | Concrete | ≥ 0.25 MPa | ≥ 0.08 MPa | ≥ 0.25 MPa |
| Stolevell Offi | MW lamella | ≥ 0.08 MPa | ≥ 0.03 MPa | ≥ 0.08 MPa |

Bonded surface:

With a bonded surface of 50 % the formula given in clause 6.1.4.1.3 of ETAG 004 is fulfilled and the use as bonded ETICS is possible.

2.2.8.2 Fixing strength (displacement test)

Test not required because the ETICS fulfils the following criteria to clause 5.1.4.2 of ETAG 004:

- E · d < 50 000 N/mm

(E: modulus of elasticity of the base coat – d: mean dried thickness of the base coat)

2.2.8.3 Wind load resistence

Safety in use of mechanically fixed ETICS using profiles

The following failure loads only apply to the listed combination (MW panel's characteristics)/ (way of fixing the ETICS) and the characteristics of the insulation product given in clause 2.3.1.



Page 11 of 21 | 26 July 2012

Failure loads - Table 1

| 01 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Dimensions | 625 mm x 800 mm |
|--|---|--------------------------------|
| Characteristics of the MW panels | Thickness | ≥ 60 mm |
| mirr panoio | Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces | ≥ 14 kPa |
| Failure loads [N/panel] (Static Foam Block Test) | Horizontal profiles with a vertical distance of 625 mm, fixed every 30 cm and vertical connection profiles No additional anchors in MW panel | Minimal: 1200 Average: 1250 |

Failure loads - Table 2

| 0, , , , , | Dimensions | 625 mm x 800 mm |
|----------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| Characteristics of the MW panels | Thickness | ≥ 60 mm |
| miri panoio | Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces | ≥ 14 kPa |
| Failure loads [N/panel] | Horizontal profiles with a vertical distance of 625 mm, fixed every 30 cm and vertical connection profiles | Minimal: 2200 |
| (Static Foam Block Test) | Two additional anchors per MW panel, plate diameter ≥ 60 mm, mounted on the MW panel surface | Average: 2400 |

Safety in use of mechanically fixed ETICS using anchors

The following failure loads only apply to the listed combination (MW characteristics)/ (anchor plate's characteristics) and the characteristics of the insulation product given in clause 2.3.1.

Failure loads - Table 3

| Apply to all ancho | Apply to all anchors listed in the Table in clause 1.1 mounted on the insulation panels surface | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|---|--------------------|----------------------|------------|--|
| Characteristics of the | | Thickness | | ≥ 60 mm | | |
| MW panels | 3 | Tensile strength perpendicular to the | e faces | ≥ 14 kPa | | |
| Plate diameter of | anchor | | | ≥∅ 60 m | ım | |
| Failure loads [N] | | Anchors not placed at the panel joints (Static Foam Block Test) | | Minimal: Average: | 650 740 | |
| | | s placed at the panel joints Foam Block Test) | R _{joint} | Minimal: Average: | 590 610 | |
| | | s not placed at the panel joints rough test, dry conditions) | R _{panel} | Minimal: Average: | 640 690 | |
| | | Anchors not placed at the panel joints Pull-through test, wet conditions) | | | | |
| | - serie | series 2* | | Minimal: Average: | 360 390 | |
| | - serie | es 3 [*] | | Minimal: Average: | 410 450 | |
| * According to ETAC | 3 004 clau | se 5.2.4.1.2 test method (2) | | | | |



Page 12 of 21 | 26 July 2012

Failure loads - Table 4

| Apply to all anchors listed in the Table in clause 1.1 mounted on the insulation panels surface | | | | | |
|---|--|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Characteristics of the MW panels | | Thickness | | ≥ 80 mm | |
| | | Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces | | ≥ 5.0 kPa | |
| Plate diamete | r of | anchor | ≥ Ø 90 mm ≥ | | ≥ Ø 140 mm |
| Failure loads [N] | | Anchors not placed at the panel joints Static Foam Block Test) | | Minimal: 480 Average: 490 | Minimal: 560 Average: 690 |
| | | nchors placed at the panel joints Static Foam Block Test) | | Minimal: 380 Average: 390 | Minimal: 440 Average: 540 |
| | Anchors not placed at the panel joints (Pull-through test, dry conditions) | | R _{panel} | Minimal: 540 Average: 610 | npd |
| Anchors not placed at the panel joints (Pull-through test, wet conditions) - series 2* | | R _{panel} | Minimal: 400 Average: 460 | npd | |
| * According to | ETA | G 004 clause 5.2.4.1.2 test method (2) | | | |

Failure loads - Table 5

| Apply to all anchors listed in the Table in clause 1.1 mounted on the insulation panels surface | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------|
| Characteristics of the MW lamella | | Thickness | | ≥ 60 mm | | |
| | | Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces | | ≥ 80 kPa | | |
| Plate diameter of anchor | | | ≥ Ø 140 mm | | | |
| Failure loads [N] | | Anchors placed at the panel joints (Pull-through test, dry condition) | | Minimal: 620 Average: 660 | | |
| | | rs placed at the panel joints rough test, wet condition) | | Minimal: 510 Average: 570 | | |
| | | s placed at the panel joints | | rs placed at the panel joints | | Minimal: 710 |

The wind load resistance R_d of the ETICS is calculated as follows:

$$R_{d} = \frac{R_{panel} \cdot n_{panel} + R_{joint} \cdot n_{joint}}{\gamma}$$

 n_{panel} : number (per m²) of anchors not placed at the panel joints n_{joint} : number (per m²) of anchors placed at the panel joint

γ: national safety factor

2.2.9 Thermal resistance

The nominal value of the additional thermal resistance R provided by the ETICS to the substrate wall is calculated in accordance with EN ISO 6946:2007 from the nominal value of the insulation product's thermal resistance R_D given accompanied to the CE marking and from the thermal resistance of the rendering system R_{render} which is about 0.02 ($m^2 \cdot K$)/W.

$$R = R_D + R_{render}$$

The thermal bridges caused by mechanical fixing devices (anchors profiles) increase the thermal transmittance U. This influence had to take into account according to EN ISO 6946:2007.



Page 13 of 21 | 26 July 2012

English translation prepared by DIBt

 $\begin{array}{ll} U_c = U + \Delta U & \text{corrected thermal transmittance} \\ \Delta U = \Delta U_{\text{anchor}} + \Delta U_{\text{profile}} & \text{correction term for mechanical fixing devices (anchors, profiles)} \\ \Delta U_{\text{anchor}} = \chi_p \cdot n & \text{correction term for anchors} \\ \text{where:} \quad n & \text{number of anchors per m}^2 \end{array}$

 χ_{p} local influence of thermal bridge caused by an anchor. The values listed below can be taken into account, if not specified in the

anchor's technical approval

 χ_{p} = 0.004 W/K for anchors with a galvanized steel screw with the head covered by

a plastic material

 χ_{p} = 0.002 W/K for anchors with a stainless steel screw with the head covered by

plastic material, and for anchors with an air gap at the head of the

screw

ΔUprofile correction term for profiles; subject to the thickness of the insulation product and the thermal resistance of the substrate wall

the following values apply

| Thermal resistance of the substrate wall [(m²·K)/W] | Thickness of the insulation product [mm] | ΔU _{profile} [W/(m²·K)] |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| | 60 ≤ d < 80 | 0.03 |
| R < 0.33 | 80 ≤ d < 120 | 0.02 |
| | d ≥ 120 | 0 |
| | 60 ≤ d < 80 | 0.02 |
| 0.33 ≤ R ≤ 1.10 | 80 ≤ d ≤100 | 0.01 |
| | d > 100 | 0 |
| R > 1.10 | d ≥ 60 | 0 |

2.2.10 Aspects of durability and serviceability

Bond strength after ageing

| | Stolit K/R/Effect/MP | |
|---|---|------------|
| | Stolit QS K/R/MP | |
| | Stolit Milano | |
| | Stolit K1.5 + Stolit Milano | |
| Rendering system: | StoSilco K/R/MP | |
| Base coat with finishing coat indicated hereafter | StoSilco QS K/R/MP | ≥ 0.08 MPa |
| | StoNivellit + StoSilco Color | |
| | StoSuperlit K | |
| | StoLotusan K/MP | |
| | Sto-Klebe- und Fugenmörtel + Sto-Flachverblender | |



Page 14 of 21 | 26 July 2012

2.3 Characteristics of the components

Detailed information on the chemical composition and other identifying characteristics of the components, following Annex C of ETAG 004 have been deposited with the DIBt.

Further information can be observed from the product data sheets, which are part of the technical documentation for this ETA.

2.3.1 Thermal insulation product

Factory-prefabricated panels and lamella made of mineral wool (MW) to EN 13162:2008 with the following designation code and the other properties having the description in the Table below shall be used, provided that the manufacturer and the trade name of the MW are deposited with the DIBt.

MW - EN 13162 - T5 - DS(T+) - WS - WL(P) - MU1

| Description and characteristics | MW panel | MW panel | MW lamella | |
|--|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Reaction to fire; EN 13501-1:2007 | | Class A1 | | |
| Gross heat of combustion [MJ/kg]; EN ISO 1716:2002 | | PCS ≤ 1.02 | | |
| Thermal resistance [(m²·K)/W] | Defined in the CE | marking in reference | e to EN 13162:2008 | |
| Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces [kPa]; EN 1607:1997 - in dry conditions* | $\sigma_{mt} \ge 14$ | $\sigma_{mt} \geq 5$ | $\sigma_{mt} \ge 80$ | |
| - in wet conditions** Average value - series 2 - series 3 | ≥ 33 % of average value in dry conditions ≥ 50 % of average value in dry conditions | | | |
| Compressive strength* [kPa]; EN 826:1996 | $\sigma_m \geq 40$ | $\sigma_m \geq 4$ | $\sigma_m \geq 40$ | |
| Apparent density [kg/m³]; EN 1602:1996 | $120 \le \rho_a \le 150$ | $100 \le \rho_a \le 150$ | $80 \le \rho_a \le 150$ | |
| Shear strength* [kPa]; EN 12090:1997 | $20 \le f_{\tau k} \le 100$ | $6 \le f_{\tau k} \le 100$ | $20 \le f_{\tau k} \le 100$ | |
| Shear modulus [MPa]; EN 12090:1997 | $1.0 \le G_m \le 2.0$ $0.3 \le G_m \le 2.0$ $1.0 \le G_m \le 2.0$ | | | |
| * Minimal value of all single values ** According to ETAG 004 clause 5.2.4.1.2 test method (2) | | | | |

Thermal insulation materials (MW panel, $\sigma_{mt} \ge 14$ kPa) for mechanically fixed ETICS with profiles must circumferentially at the edges, 24 mm from the inner surface, get an approx. 3 mm wide and 13 to 18 mm deep groove cut-in at the factory.

2.3.2 Anchors

All anchors with ETA according to ETAG 014⁷ with characteristics having the description below shall be used in the mechanically fixed ETICS:

- plate diameter of anchor ≥ 60 mm resp. ≥ 90 mm or ≥ 140 mm
- plate stiffness ≥ 0.3 kN/mm
- load resistance of the anchor plate ≥ 1.0 kN

These characteristics and the characteristic tension resistance of the anchors shall be taken from the corresponding ETA.



Page 15 of 21 | 26 July 2012

English translation prepared by DIBt

The anchors listed in the Table in clause 1.1 with reference to the respective ETA shall be used in the mechanically fixed ETICS with profiles for fixing the horizontal profiles.

| Trade name | ETA-number |
|------------------------|-------------|
| ejotherm SK U | ETA-02/0018 |
| WS 8 L | ETA-02/0019 |
| WS 8 N | ETA-03/0019 |
| ejotherm SDK U | ETA-04/0023 |
| IsoFux ND-8Z | ETA-04/0032 |
| SDF-K plus, SDF-S plus | ETA-04/0064 |
| ejotherm NK U | ETA-05/0009 |

2.3.3 Profiles

Aluminium (Al) profiles, EN AW 6060 T66 to EN 755-2:2008, with the measurements according to Annex 2 are to be used in the mechanically fixed ETICS with profiles.

The Pull-through resistance of fixings from profiles is ≥ 500 N.

2.3.4 Render (base coat)

No cracks occurred during the Render Strip Tensile Test of the base coat reinforced with the glass fibre meshes "Sto-Glasfasergewebe" and "Sto-Glasfasergewebe F", "Sto-Fibre de Verre Ra 60" or "Sto-Abschirmgewebe AES" at a render strain value of 1 %.

2.3.5 Reinforcement (glass fibre mesh)

Characteristics (alkalis resistance): Pass

| | Sto-Glasfaser- gewebe | | Sto-Gla gewe | | Sto-Fibre de Verre Ra 60 | |
|--|--------------------------|------|-----------------|------|-----------------------------|------|
| | Warp | Weft | Warp | Weft | Warp | Weft |
| Residual strength after ageing [N/mm] | ≥ 20 | ≥ 25 | ≥ 20 | ≥ 20 | ≥ 25 | ≥ 25 |
| Relative residual resistance after ageing in % of the strength in the as-delivered state | ≥ 55 | ≥ 50 | ≥ 50 | ≥ 50 | ≥ 60 | ≥ 60 |

| | Sto-Abschirmgewebe AES | | |
|--|------------------------|------|--|
| | Warp | Weft | |
| Residual strength after ageing [N/mm] | ≥ 20 | ≥ 25 | |
| Relative residual resistance after ageing in % of the strength in the as-delivered state | ≥ 50 | ≥ 55 | |

3 Evaluation and attestation of conformity and CE-marking

3.1 System of attestation of conformity

According to the decision 97/556/EC of the European Commission⁸ amended by 2001/596/EC⁹ system 1 or 2+ of the attestation of conformity applies depending on reaction to fire.

Official Journal of the European Communities/Union L229/14 of 20.08.1997

⁹ Official Journal of the European Communities/Union L 209/33 of 2.8.2001



Page 16 of 21 | 26 July 2012

English translation prepared by DIBt

Considering Class A2 and B for reaction to fire of the ETICS, the systems of attestation of conformity are system 1 regarding reaction to fire characteristic and system 2+ regarding other characteristics than reaction to fire.

Considering Class F for reaction to fire of the ETICS, the system of attestation of conformity is system 2+ regarding all characteristics.

These systems of attestation of conformity are defined as follows:

System 1: Certification of the conformity of the product by a notified certification body on the basis of:

- (a) Tasks for the manufacturer:
 - (1) factory production control;
 - (2) further testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer in accordance with a prescribed test plan;
- (b) Tasks for the notified body:
 - (3) initial type-testing of the product;
 - (4) initial inspection of factory and of factory production control;
 - (5) continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

System 2+: Declaration of conformity of the product by the manufacturer on the basis of:

- (a) Tasks for the manufacturer:
 - (1) initial type-testing of the product;
 - (2) factory production control;
 - (3) testing of samples taken at the factory in accordance with a prescribed test plan.
- (b) Tasks for the notified body:
 - (4) certification of factory production control on the basis of:
 - initial inspection of factory and of factory production control;
 - continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

3.2 Responsibilities

10

3.2.1 Tasks for the manufacturer

3.2.1.1 Factory production control

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall insure that the ETICS and the components are in conformity with this ETA.

The manufacturer shall only use raw materials stated in the technical documentation of this ETA. The incoming raw materials are subjected to verifications by the manufacturer before acceptance.

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the "Control plan" which is part of the technical documentation of this ETA. The "Control plan" has been agreed between the manufacturer and the DIBt and is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited with the DIBt.

The "Control plan" is a confidential part of the European technical approval and only handed over to the notified body involved in the procedure of attestation of conformity. See section 3.2.2.



Page 17 of 21 | 26 July 2012

English translation prepared by DIBt

The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the "Control plan" The records include at least the following information:

- designation of the product, the basic materials and components;
- type of control or testing;
- date of manufacture of the product and date of testing of the product or basic materials or components;
- result of control and testing and, if appropriate, comparison with requirements;
- signature of person responsible for factory production control.

The records shall be presented to the notified body involved in continuous surveillance. On request they shall be presented to the DIBt.

3.2.1.2 Other tasks for the manufacturer

For initial type-testing of the ETICS and the components regarding other characteristics than reaction to fire the results of the tests performed as part of the assessment for the ETA shall be used unless there are changes in the production line or plant. In such cases the necessary initial type-testing has to be agreed with the DIBt.

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is notified for the tasks referred to in clause 3.1 in the field of ETICS in order to undertake the actions laid down in clause 3.2.2. For this purpose, the "Control plan" referred to in clauses 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the notified bodies involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of conformity, stating that the ETICS is in conformity with the provisions of ETA-07/0156 issued on 26 July 2012.

3.2.2 Tasks for the notified bodies

The notified body shall perform the

- initial type-testing of the ETICS and the components regarding reaction to fire characteristic,
- initial inspection of factory and of factory production control,
- continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control,

in accordance with the provisions laid down in the "Control plan" 10.

The notified body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

The notified certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an EC certificate of conformity of the ETICS which includes the certification of factory production control stating the conformity with the provisions of this ETA.

In cases where the provisions of the ETA and its "Control plan" are no longer fulfilled the notified certification body shall withdraw the certificate of conformity and inform the DIBt without delay.



Page 18 of 21 | 26 July 2012

3.3 Marking

3.3.1 CE marking

The CE marking shall be affixed on the accompanying commercial document. The letters "CE" shall be followed by the identification number of the notified certification body and be accompanied by the following additional information:

- the name and address of the ETA-holder (legal entity responsible for the manufacture),
- the last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed,
- the number of the EC certificate of conformity for the ETICS,
- the number of the ETA,
- the number of the ETAG.
- the ETICS trade name.

3.3.2 Additional marking

The respective trade name of the individual components of the ETICS shall be given on the packaging.

In addition to the trade name the following information shall be given in the accompanying commercial document and/or on the packaging of the thermal insulation product:

- minimum value of the tensile strength perpendicular to the faces of the insulation product,
- shear modulus of the insulation product.

4 Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed

4.1 Manufacturing

The composition and manufacturing process used for the components of the ETICS shall comply with those on which the approval tests were based. Composition and manufacturing process are deposited at the DIBt.

The ETA is issued for the ETICS on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited with the DIBt, which identifies the ETICS that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the ETICS or the components or their production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to the DIBt before the changes are introduced. DIBt will decide whether or not such changes affect the approval and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the approval and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the approval shall be necessary.

4.2 Installation, design and execution

4.2.1 General

The wall on which the ETICS is applied shall be sufficiently stable and airtight. Its stiffness shall be large enough to ensure that the ETICS is not subjected to deformations, which could lead to damage.

The requirements given in ETAG 004, chapter 7, have to be considered.

4.2.2 Installation

The ETICS is installed on site. The approval holder is obliged to instruct all those entrusted with the design and execution of the ETICS about the specific conditions of this ETA and all other details necessary for perfect execution.

Only the components whose trade name is given in clause 1.1 and which have the characteristics according to clause 2.3 may be used for the ETICS.



Page 19 of 21 | 26 July 2012

4.2.3 Design

4.2.3.1 Requirements for the substrate

As to the requirements for the substrate and its preparation, ETAG 004, clause 7.2.1 applies. The substrate for mechanically fixed systems should have a sufficient resistance for the use of anchors according to clause 2.3.2. The conditions of the ETA for the anchor concerned apply.

4.2.3.2 Resistance to wind load

Judging of sufficient resistance to wind load should be on the basis of the resistance of the fixings according to clause 2.2.8.3 and of the characteristic tension resistance of the used anchor according to clause 2.3.2. Taking into account the national safety factors the design values of resistance are determined. The smaller one of the design resistances of the ETICS (R_d) and of the anchor (N_{Rd}) is decisive.

The determined design wind load suction S_d (taking into account the national safety factors) is compared with the design resistance.

4.2.4 Execution

The manufacturer's design and installation instructions, which are part of the technical documentation for this ETA, shall be observed with respect to the installation of the ETICS and drying times of rendering products.

5 Indications to the manufacturer

5.1 Packaging, transport and storage

Packaging of the components has to be such that they are protected against moisture during transport and storage, unless other measures are foreseen by the manufacturer for this purpose.

The components are to be protected against damage.

5.2 Use, maintenance, repair

To the indications on use, maintenance and repair ETAG 004, clause 7.3 applies.

Uwe Benderbeglaubigt:Head of DepartmentWachner

English translation prepared by DIBt



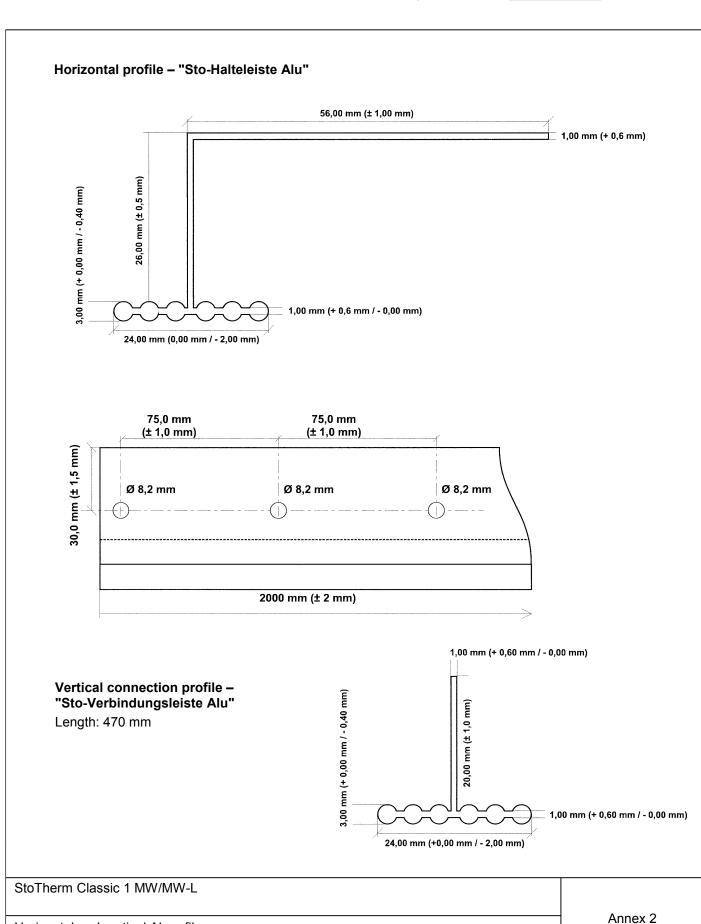
| Component | «German» trade name | «French» trade name | «English» trade name |
|----------------------|--|---|---|
| | | StoLevell FT | |
| Adhesive | | StoLevell Uni | |
| Aunesive | Sto-Baukleber | Sto-Mortier Colle B | StoLevell FT StoLevell Uni Sto-Mortier Colle B D-Profil Intermédiaire en aluminium Sto-Profil Raidisseur en aluminium Sto-Tape Vis Sto-Cheville Iso StoLevell Classic «Not available» Sto-Fibre de verre Standard Sto-Fibre de verre de Blindage Sto-Fibre AES Sto-Shield Mesh AES |
| Profiles | Sto-Halteleiste Alu | Sto-Profil Intermédiaire en aluminium | |
| Fromes | Sto-Verbindungsleiste Alu | Sto-Profil Raidisseur en aluminium | |
| Anchors for profiles | Cto Dübol | Sto-Tape Vis | Cto Dowel |
| Anchors for MW | - Sto-Dübel | Sto-Cheville Iso | Sto-Dowei |
| Base coat | | StoLevell Classic | |
| | Sto-Glasfasergewebe | «Not available» | Sto Glass Fibre Mesh |
| | Sto-Glasfasergewebe F | Sto-Fibre de verre Standard | «Not available» |
| Glass fibre mesh | | Sto-Fibre de Verre Ra 60 | |
| | Sto-Panzergewebe | Sto-Fibre de verre de Blindage | Sto-Amour Mesh |
| | Sto-Abschirmgewebe AES | Sto-Fibre AES | Sto-Shield Mesh AES |
| | No different trade names are used, besides: | | esides: |
| Finishing coat | Sto-Klebe- und Fugenmörtel + Sto-Flachverblender | Sto-Colle pour Briquette + Sto-Briquette de parement | StoAdhesive and Joint Mortar + Sto-Brick Slips |

| StoTherm Classic 1 MW/MW-L | |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| Trade names of the components | Annex 1 |

Z49266.12 8.04.04-26/12

Horizontal and vertical Al profiles





Z49267.12 8.04.04-26/12