



European Technical Approval ETA-12/0168

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

Handelsbezeichnung
Trade name

SYMPAFIX Injektionssystem X150-PLUS für Beton
SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS für Beton

Zulassungsinhaber
Holder of approval

SYMPAFIX
5 Rue Pierre Curie
59810 LESQUIN
FRANKREICH

Zulassungsgegenstand
und Verwendungszweck
*Generic type and use
of construction product*

Verbunddübel mit Ankerstange zur Verankerung im Beton
Bonded anchor with anchor rod for use in concrete

Geltungsdauer:
Validity: vom
from
bis
to

14 June 2013
31 May 2018

Herstellwerk
Manufacturing plant

SYMPAFIX, Plant 2

Diese Zulassung umfasst
This Approval contains

33 Seiten einschließlich 24 Anhänge
33 pages including 24 annexes

Diese Zulassung ersetzt
This Approval replaces

ETA-12/0168 mit Geltungsdauer vom 16.03.2012 bis 03.02.2014
ETA-12/0168 with validity from 16.03.2012 to 03.02.2014

I LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1 This European technical approval is issued by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik in accordance with:
 - Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products¹, modified by Council Directive 93/68/EEC² and Regulation (EC) N° 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council³;
 - *Gesetz über das In-Verkehr-Bringen von und den freien Warenverkehr mit Bauprodukten zur Umsetzung der Richtlinie 89/106/EWG des Rates vom 21. Dezember 1988 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Bauprodukte und anderer Rechtsakte der Europäischen Gemeinschaften (Bauproduktengesetz - BauPG) vom 28. April 1998⁴, as amended by Article 2 of the law of 8 November 2011⁵;*
 - Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European technical approvals set out in the Annex to Commission Decision 94/23/EC⁶;
 - Guideline for European technical approval of "Metal anchors for use in concrete - Part 5: Bonded anchors", ETAG 001-05.
- 2 Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik is authorized to check whether the provisions of this European technical approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant. Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products to the European technical approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European technical approval.
- 3 This European technical approval is not to be transferred to manufacturers or agents of manufacturers other than those indicated on page 1, or manufacturing plants other than those indicated on page 1 of this European technical approval.
- 4 This European technical approval may be withdrawn by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission according to Article 5(1) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
- 5 Reproduction of this European technical approval including transmission by electronic means shall be in full. However, partial reproduction can be made with the written consent of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik. In this case partial reproduction has to be designated as such. Texts and drawings of advertising brochures shall not contradict or misuse the European technical approval.
- 6 The European technical approval is issued by the approval body in its official language. This version corresponds fully to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.

¹ Official Journal of the European Communities L 40, 11 February 1989, p. 12
² Official Journal of the European Communities L 220, 30 August 1993, p. 1
³ Official Journal of the European Union L 284, 31 October 2003, p. 25
⁴ *Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 1998*, p. 812
⁵ *Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 2011*, p. 2178
⁶ Official Journal of the European Communities L 17, 20 January 1994, p. 34

II SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

1 Definition of product and intended use

1.1 Definition of the construction product

The "SYMPAFIX Injection System X150-PLUS for concrete" is a bonded anchor consisting of a cartridge with injection mortar X150-PLUS and a steel element. The steel elements are commercial threaded rods according to Annex 3 in the range of M8 to M30 or reinforcing bar according to Annex 4 in the range of Ø 8 to Ø 32.

The steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between metal part, injection mortar and concrete.

An illustration of the product and intended use is given in Annexes 1 and 2.

1.2 Intended use

The anchor is intended to be used for anchorages for which requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 of Council Directive 89/106 EEC shall be fulfilled and failure of anchorages made with these products would cause risk to human life and/or lead to considerable economic consequences. Safety in case of fire (Essential Requirement 2) is not covered in this European technical approval.

The anchor is to be used only for anchorages subject to static or quasi-static loading in reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength classes C20/25 at minimum and C50/60 at most according to EN 206:2000-12.

The anchor may be used in cracked or non-cracked concrete.

The anchor may also be used under seismic action for performance category C1 according to Annex 23.

The anchor may be installed in dry or wet concrete or in flooded holes.

The anchor may be used in the following temperature ranges:

Temperature range I:	-40 °C to +40 °C	(max long term temperature +24 °C and max short term temperature +40 °C)
Temperature range II:	-40 °C to +60 °C	(max long term temperature +43 °C and max short term temperature +60 °C)
Temperature range III:	-40 °C to +72 °C	(max long term temperature +43 °C and max short term temperature +72 °C)

Elements made of zinc coated steel:

The element made of zinc plated or hot dipped galvanised steel may only be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions.

Elements made of stainless steel A4:

The element made of stainless steel 1.4401 or 1.4571 may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment), or exposure to permanently damp internal conditions, if no particular aggressive conditions exist. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Elements made of high corrosion resistant steel:

The element made of high corrosion resistant steel 1.4529 or 1.4565 may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure, in permanently damp internal conditions or in other particular aggressive conditions. Such particular aggressive conditions are e. g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Elements made of reinforcing bars:

Post-installed reinforcing bars may be used as anchor designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 or CEN/TS 1992-4:2009. Such applications are e.g. concrete overlay or shear dowel connections or the connections of a wall predominantly loaded by shear and compression forces with the foundation, where the reinforcing bars act as dowels to take up shear forces. Connections with post-installed reinforcing bars in concrete structures designed in accordance with EN1992-1-1:2004 are not covered by this European technical approval.

The provisions made in this European technical approval are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

2 Characteristics of the product and methods of verification

2.1 Characteristics of the product

The anchor corresponds to the drawings and provisions given in the Annexes. The characteristic material values, dimensions and tolerances of the anchor not indicated in the Annexes shall correspond to the respective values laid down in the technical documentation⁷ of this European technical approval.

The characteristic values for the design of anchorages are given in the Annexes.

The two components of the injection mortar are delivered in unmixed condition in side-by-side cartridges of sizes 385 ml, 585 ml, 999 ml or 1400 ml according to Annex 2. Each cartridge is marked with the imprint "X150-PLUS", with processing notes, charge code, storage life, hazard code and curing- and processing time depending on temperature.

Elements made of reinforcing bars shall comply with the specifications given in Annex 4.

The marking of embedment depth may be done on jobsite.

2.2 Methods of verification

The assessment of fitness of the anchor for the intended use in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 has been made in accordance with the "Guideline for European technical approval of Metal Anchors for Use in Concrete", Part 1 "Anchors in general" and Part 5 "Bonded anchors", on the basis of Option 1 and ETAG 001 Annex E "Assessment of Metal Anchors under Seismic Action".

⁷ The technical documentation of this European technical approval is deposited at the Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik and, as far as relevant for the tasks of the approved bodies involved in the attestation of conformity procedure, is handed over to the approved bodies.

In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European technical approval, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3 Evaluation and attestation of conformity and CE marking

3.1 System of attestation of conformity

According to the Decision 96/582/EG of the European Commission⁸ system 2(i) (referred to as System 1) of the attestation of conformity applies.

This system of attestation of conformity is defined as follows:

System 1: Certification of the conformity of the product by an approved certification body on the basis of:

- (a) Tasks for the manufacturer:
 - (1) factory production control;
 - (2) further testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer in accordance with a prescribed control plan;
- (b) Tasks for the approved body:
 - (3) initial type-testing of the product;
 - (4) initial inspection of factory and of factory production control;
 - (5) continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

Note: Approved bodies are also referred to as "notified bodies".

3.2 Responsibilities

3.2.1 Tasks for the manufacturer

3.2.1.1 Factory production control

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall insure that the product is in conformity with this European technical approval.

The manufacturer may only use initial/raw/constituent materials stated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval.

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan which is part of the technical documentation of this European technical approval. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.⁹

The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan.

⁸ Official Journal of the European Communities L 254 of 08.10.1996

⁹ The control plan is a confidential part of the European technical approval and only handed over to the approved body involved in the procedure of attestation of conformity. See section 3.2.2.

European technical approval

ETA-12/0168

English translation prepared by DIBt

Page 6 of 33 | 14 June 2013

3.2.1.2 Other tasks for the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is approved for the tasks referred to in section 3.1 in the field of anchors in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 3.2.2 For this purpose, the control plan referred to in sections 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the approved body involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of conformity, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

3.2.2 Tasks for the approved bodies

The approved body shall perform the

- initial type-testing of the product,
- initial inspection of factory and of factory production control,
- continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control

in accordance with the provisions laid down in the control plan.

The approved body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

The approved certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an EC certificate of conformity of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

In cases where the provisions of the European technical approval and its control plan are no longer fulfilled the certification body shall withdraw the certificate of conformity and inform Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik without delay.

3.3 CE marking

The CE marking shall be affixed on each packaging of the anchor. The letters "CE" shall be followed by the identification number of the approved certification body, where relevant, and be accompanied by the following additional information:

- the name and address of the holder of the approval (legal entity responsible for the manufacture),
- the last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed,
- the number of the EC certificate of conformity for the product,
- the number of the European technical approval,
- the number of the guideline for European technical approval,
- use category (ETAG 001-1, Option 1, seismic anchor performance category C1)
- size.

4 Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed

4.1 Manufacturing

The European technical approval is issued for the product on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, which identifies the product that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the product or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik before the changes are introduced.

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik will decide whether or not such changes affect the approval and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the approval and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the approval shall be necessary.

4.2 Design of anchorages

The fitness of the anchor for the intended use is given under the following conditions:

The anchorages are designed either in accordance with the

The anchorages are designed in accordance with the

- EOTA Technical Report TR 029 "Design of bonded anchors"¹⁰
- or in accordance with the
- CEN/TS 1992-4:2009

and EOTA Technical Report TR 045 "Design of Metal Anchors under Seismic Action" under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.

Anchorage shall be positioned outside of critical regions (e.g. plastic hinges) of the concrete structure. Fastenings in stand-off installation or with a grout layer under seismic action are not covered by this European technical approval.

Post-installed reinforcing bars may be used as anchor designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 or CEN/TS 1992-4:2009. The basic assumptions for the design according to anchor theory shall be observed. This includes the consideration of tension and shear loads and the corresponding failure modes as well as the assumption that the base material (concrete structural element) remains essentially in the serviceability limit state (either non-cracked or cracked) when the connection is loaded to failure. Such applications are e.g. concrete overlay or shear dowel connections or the connections of a wall predominantly loaded by shear and compression forces with the foundation, where the rebars act as dowels to take up shear forces. Connections with reinforcing bars in concrete structures designed in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004 (e.g. connection of a wall loaded with tension forces in one layer of the reinforcement with the foundation) are not covered by this European technical approval.

Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored.

The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings (e.g. position of the anchor relative to reinforcement or to supports, etc.).

¹⁰ The Technical Report TR 029 "Design of Bonded Anchors" is published in English on EOTA website www.eota.eu.

4.3 Installation of anchors

The fitness for use of the anchor can only be assumed if the anchor is installed as follows:

- anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site,
- anchor installation in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and drawings using the tools indicated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval,
- use of the anchor only as supplied by the manufacturer without exchanging the components,
- commercial standard threaded rods, washers and hexagon nuts may be used if the following requirements are fulfilled:
 - material, dimensions and mechanical properties of the metal parts according to the specifications given in Annex 3,
 - confirmation of material and mechanical properties of the metal parts by inspection certificate 3.1 according to EN 10204:2004, the documents should be stored,
 - marking of the threaded rod with the envisage embedment depth. This may be done by the manufacturer of the rod or the person on jobsite.
- embedded reinforcing bars shall comply with specifications given in Annex 4,
- checks before placing the anchor to ensure that the strength class of the concrete in which the anchor is to be placed is in the range given and is not lower than that of the concrete to which the characteristic loads apply,
- check of concrete being well compacted, e.g. without significant voids,
- marking and keeping the effective anchorage depth,
- edge distance and spacing not less than the specified values without minus tolerances,
- positioning of the drill holes without damaging the reinforcement,
- drilling by hammer-drilling only,
- in case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall be filled with mortar,
- cleaning the drill hole in accordance with Annexes 6 to 8,
- during installation and curing of the chemical mortar the anchor component installation temperature shall be at least 5 °C; the temperature; observing the curing time according to Annex 7, Table 4 until the anchor may be loaded,
- for injection of the mortar in bore holes of diameter $d_0 > 20$ mm piston plugs according to Annex 8 shall be used for overhead or horizontal injection,
- installation torque moments are not required for functioning of the anchor. However, the torque moments given in Annex 5 must not be exceeded.

5 Indications to the manufacturer

5.1 Responsibility of the manufacturer

The manufacturer is responsible to ensure that the information on the specific conditions according to 1 and 2 including Annexes referred to as well as sections 4.2, 4.3 and 5.2 is given to those who are concerned. This information may be made by reproduction of the respective parts of the European technical approval.

In addition all installation data shall be shown clearly on the package and/or on an enclosed instruction sheet, preferably using illustration(s).

The minimum data required are:

- drill bit diameter,
- hole depth,
- diameter of anchor rod,
- minimum effective anchorage depth,
- information on the installation procedure, including cleaning of the hole with the cleaning equipments, preferably by means of an illustration,
- anchor component installation temperature,
- ambient temperature of the concrete during installation of the anchor,
- admissible processing time (open time) of the mortar,
- curing time until the anchor may be loaded as a function of the ambient temperature in the concrete during installation,
- maximum torque moment,
- identification of the manufacturing batch.

All data shall be presented in a clear and explicit form.

5.2 Packaging, transport and storage

The cartridges shall be protected against sun radiation and shall be stored according to the manufacturer's installation instructions in dry condition at temperatures of at least +5 °C to not more than +25 °C.

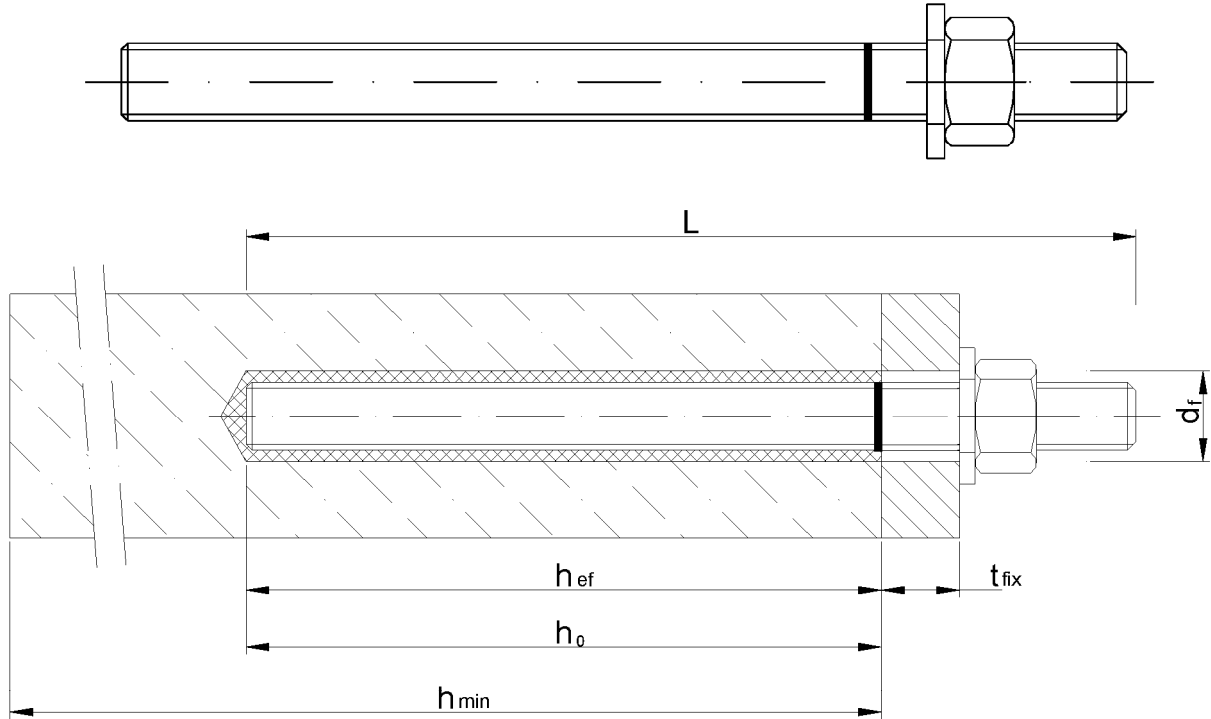
Cartridges with expired shelf life must no longer be used.

The anchor shall only be packaged and supplied as a complete unit. Cartridges may be packed separately from metal parts.

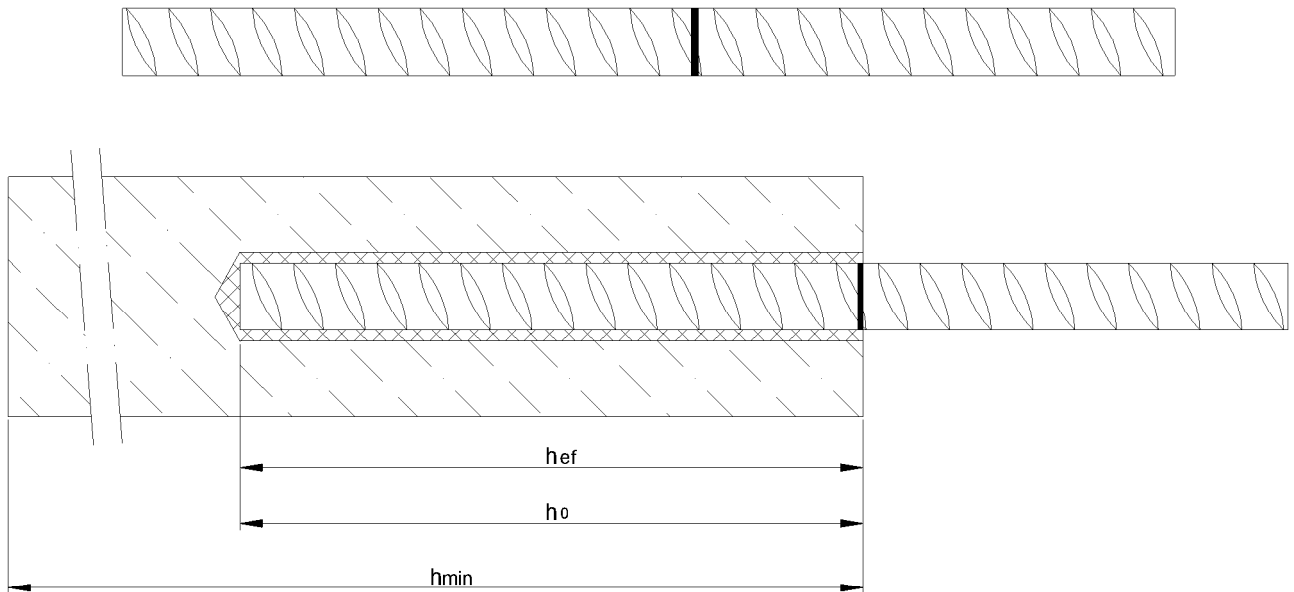
Andreas Kummerow
p.p. Head of Department

beglaubigt:
Baderschneider

Threaded rod M8, M10, M12, M16, M20, M24, M27, M30 with washer and hexagon nut



Reinforcing bar $\varnothing 8, \varnothing 10, \varnothing 12, \varnothing 14, \varnothing 16, \varnothing 20, \varnothing 25, \varnothing 28, \varnothing 32$ according to Annex 4



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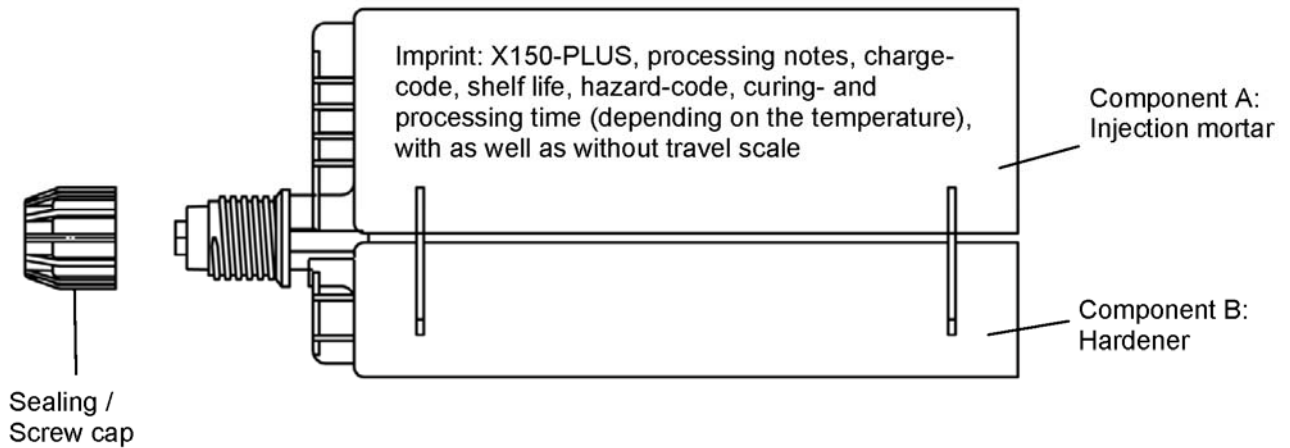
SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete

Product (Steel) and Installation

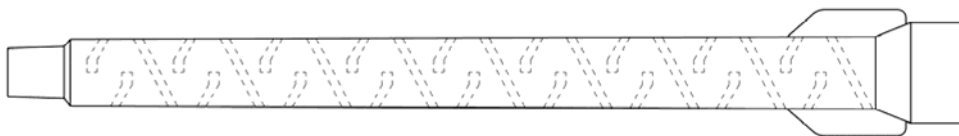
Annex 1

Cartridge: X150-PLUS

385ml, 585ml, 999ml and 1400ml injection mortar cartridge (Type: "side-by-side")



Static mixer



- Use category:
- Installation in dry, wet concrete or flooded bore holes
 - Overhead installation
 - Hammer-drilling
 - Application in non-cracked concrete: M8 to M30, Rebar Ø8 to Ø32
 - Application in cracked concrete and seismic C1: M12 to M30, Rebar Ø12 to Ø32

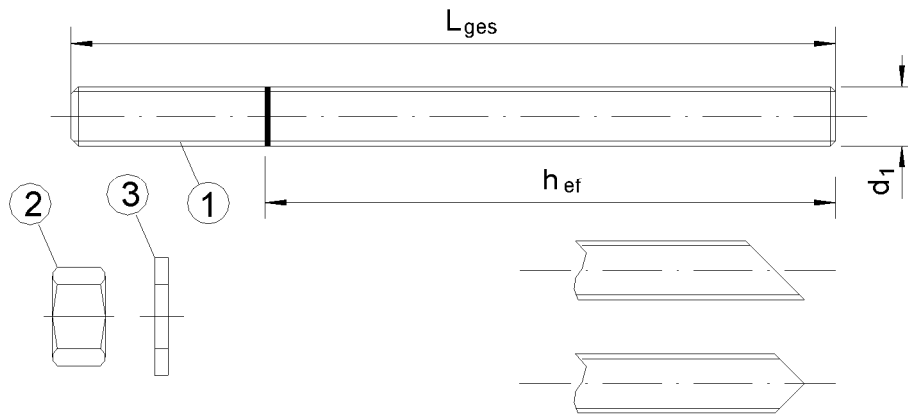
- Temperature range:
- 40°C to +40°C
(max. short term temperature +40°C and max. long term temperature +24°C)
 - 40°C to +60°C
(max. short term temperature +60°C and max. long term temperature +43°C)
 - 40°C to +72°C
(max. short term temperature +72°C and max. long term temperature +43°C)

SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete

Product (Injection mortar) and Intended use

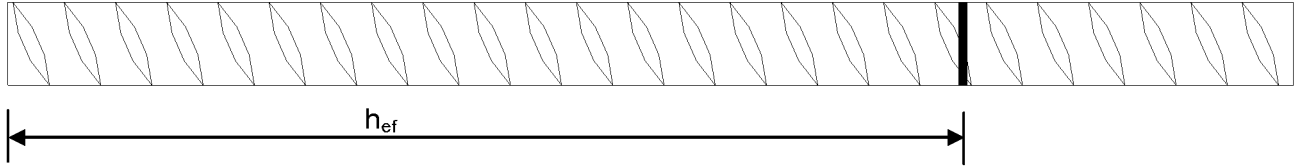
Annex 2

Table 1a: Materials (Threaded rod)



Part	Designation	Material
Steel, zinc plated $\geq 5 \mu\text{m}$ acc. to EN ISO 4042 or Steel, hot-dip galvanised $\geq 40 \mu\text{m}$ acc. to EN ISO 1461 and EN ISO 10684		
1	Anchor rod	Steel, EN 10087 or EN 10263 Property class 4,6, 5.8, 8.8, EN ISO 898-1:1999
2	Hexagon nut, EN ISO 4032	Property class 4 (for class 4.6 rod) EN ISO 898-2, Property class 5 (for class 5.8 rod) EN ISO 898-2, Property class 8 (for class 8.8 rod) EN ISO 898-2
3	Washer, EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093, or EN ISO 7094	Steel, zinc plated or hot-dip galvanised
Stainless steel		
1	Anchor rod	Material 1.4401 / 1.4404 / 1.4571, EN 10088-1:2005, > M24: Property class 50 EN ISO 3506 \leq M24: Property class 70 EN ISO 3506
2	Hexagon nut, EN ISO 4032	Material 1.4401 / 1.4404 / 1.4571 EN 10088, > M24: Property class 50 (for class 50 rod) EN ISO 3506 \leq M24: Property class 70 (for class 70 rod) EN ISO 3506
3	Washer, EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093, or EN ISO 7094	Material 1.4401, 1.4404 or 1.4571, EN 10088
High corrosion resistance steel		
1	Anchor rod	Material 1.4529 / 1.4565, EN 10088-1:2005, > M24: Property class 50 EN ISO 3506 \leq M24: Property class 70 EN ISO 3506
2	Hexagon nut, EN ISO 4032	Material 1.4529 / 1.4565 EN 10088, > M24: Property class 50 (for class 50 rod) EN ISO 3506 \leq M24: Property class 70 (for class 70 rod) EN ISO 3506
3	Washer, EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089, EN ISO 7093, or EN ISO 7094	Material 1.4529 / 1.4565, EN 10088
Commercial standard rod with:		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Materials, dimensions and mechanical properties acc. Table 1a - Inspection certificate 3.1 acc. to EN 10204:2004 - Marking of embedment depth 		
SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete		Annex 3
Materials (Threaded rod)		

Table 1b: Materials (Rebar)



Abstract of EN 1992-1-1 Annex C, Table C.1, Properties of reinforcement:

Product form		Bars and de-coiled rods	
Class		B	C
Characteristic yield strength f_{yk} or $f_{0,2k}$ (N/mm ²)		400 to 600	
Minimum value of $k = (f_t / f_y)_k$		$\geq 1,08$	$\geq 1,15$ < 1,35
Characteristic strain at maximum force ϵ_{uk} (%)		$\geq 5,0$	$\geq 7,5$
Bendability		Bend/Rebend test	
Maximum deviation from nominal mass (individual bar) (%)	Nominal bar size (mm)		
	≤ 8	$\pm 6,0$	
	> 8	$\pm 4,5$	

Abstract of EN 1992-1-1 Annex C, Table C.2N, Properties of reinforcement:

Product form		Bars and de-coiled rods	
Class		B	C
Min. value of related rip area $f_{R,min}$	nominal diameter of the rebar (mm)		
	8 to 12	0,040	
	> 12	0,056	

Rib height of the bar shall be in the range $0,05d \leq h \leq 0,07d$
(d: Nominal diameter of the bar; h: Rip height of the bar)

Regarding design of post-installed rebar as anchor see chapter 4.2

SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete	Annex 4
Materials (Reinforcing bar)	

Table 2: Installation parameters for threaded rod

Anchor size		M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M 24	M 27	M 30	
Nominal drill hole diameter	d_0 [mm] =	10	12	14	18	24	28	32	35	
Effective anchorage depth	$h_{ef,min}$ [mm] =	60	60	70	80	90	96	108	120	
	$h_{ef,max}$ [mm] =	96	120	144	192	240	288	324	360	
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	d_f [mm] ≤	9	12	14	18	22	26	30	33	
Diameter of steel brush	d_b [mm] ≥	12	14	16	20	26	30	34	37	
Torque moment	T_{inst} [Nm] ≤	10	20	40	80	120	160	180	200	
Thickness of fixture	$t_{fix,min}$ [mm] >	0								
	$t_{fix,max}$ [mm] <	1500								
Minimum thickness of member	h_{min} [mm]	$h_{ef} + 30$ mm ≥ 100 mm			$h_{ef} + 2d_0$					
Minimum spacing	s_{min} [mm]	40	50	60	80	100	120	135	150	
Minimum edge distance	c_{min} [mm]	40	50	60	80	100	120	135	150	

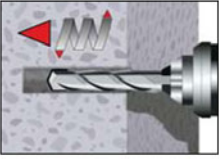
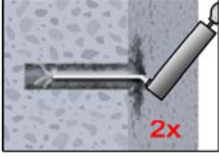
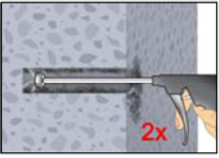
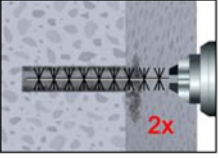
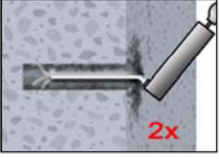
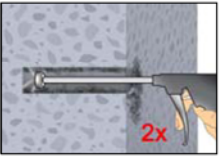
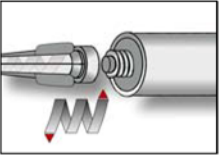
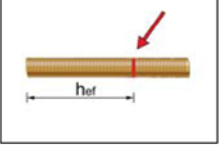
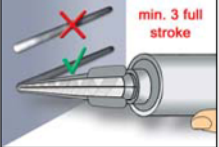
Table 3: Installation parameters for rebar

Rebar size		Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Nominal drill hole diameter	d_0 [mm] =	12	14	16	18	20	24	32	35	40
Effective anchorage depth	$h_{ef,min}$ [mm] =	60	60	70	75	80	90	100	112	128
	$h_{ef,max}$ [mm] =	96	120	144	168	192	240	300	336	384
Diameter of steel brush	d_b [mm] ≥	14	16	18	20	22	26	34	37	41,5
Minimum thickness of member	h_{min} [mm]	$h_{ef} + 30$ mm ≥ 100 mm			$h_{ef} + 2d_0$					
Minimum spacing	s_{min} [mm]	40	50	60	70	80	100	125	140	160
Minimum edge distance	c_{min} [mm]	40	50	60	70	80	100	125	140	160

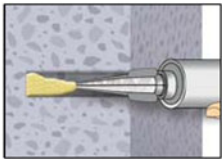
SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete

Installation parameters

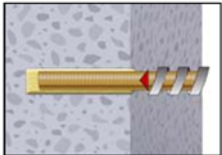
Annex 5

Installation instructions	
	<p>1. Drill with hammer drill a hole into the base material to the size and embedment depth required by the selected anchor (Table 2 or Table 3).</p>
 <p>or</p> 	<p>Attention! Standing water in the bore hole must be removed before cleaning.</p> <p>2a. Starting from the bottom or back of the bore hole, blow the hole clean with compressed air (min. 6 bar) or a hand pump (Annex 8) a minimum of two times. If the bore hole ground is not reached an extension shall be used.</p> <p>The hand-pump can be used for anchor sizes up to bore hole diameter 20 mm.</p> <p>For bore holes larger than 20 mm or deeper 240 mm, compressed air (min. 6 bar) must be used.</p>
	<p>2b. Check brush diameter (Table 5) and attach the brush to a drilling machine or a battery screwdriver. Brush the hole with an appropriate sized wire brush > $d_{b,min}$ (Table 5) a minimum of two times. If the bore hole ground is not reached with the brush, a brush extension shall be used (Table 5).</p>
 <p>or</p> 	<p>2c. Finally blow the hole clean again with compressed air or a hand pump (Annex 8) a minimum of two times. If the bore hole ground is not reached an extension shall be used.</p> <p>The hand-pump can be used for anchor sizes up to bore hole diameter 20 mm. For bore holes larger than 20 mm or deeper 240 mm, compressed air (min. 6 bar) must be used.</p> <p>After cleaning, the bore hole has to be protected against re-contamination in an appropriate way, until dispensing the mortar in the bore hole. If necessary, the cleaning repeated has to be directly before dispensing the mortar. In-flowing water must not contaminate the bore hole again.</p>
	<p>3. Attach a supplied static-mixing nozzle to the cartridge and load the cartridge into the correct dispensing tool. For every working interruption longer than the recommended working time (Table 4) as well as for new cartridges, a new static-mixer shall be used.</p>
	<p>4. Prior to inserting the anchor rod into the filled bore hole, the position of the embedment depth shall be marked on the anchor rods.</p>
	<p>5. Prior to dispensing into the anchor hole, squeeze out separately a minimum of three full strokes and discard non-uniformly mixed adhesive components until the mortar shows a consistent grey colour.</p>
<p>SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete</p>	
<p>Installation instructions</p>	<p>Annex 6</p>

Installation instructions (continuation)

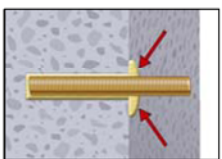


6. Starting from the bottom or back of the cleaned anchor hole fill the hole up to approximately two-thirds with adhesive. Slowly withdraw the static mixing nozzle as the hole fills to avoid creating air pockets. For embedment larger than 190 mm an extension nozzle shall be used. For overhead and horizontal installation a piston plug (Annex 8) and extension nozzle shall be used. Observe the gel-/ working times given in Table 4.

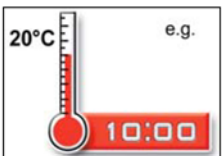


7. Push the threaded rod or reinforcing bar into the anchor hole while turning slightly to ensure positive distribution of the adhesive until the embedment depth is reached.

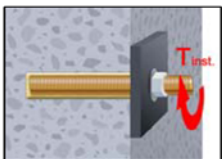
The anchor should be free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material.



8. Be sure that the anchor is fully seated at the bottom of the hole and that excess mortar is visible at the top of the hole. If these requirements are not maintained, the application has to be renewed. For overhead application the anchor rod should be fixed (e.g. wedges).



9. Allow the adhesive to cure to the specified time prior to applying any load or torque. Do not move or load the anchor until it is fully cured (attend Table 4).



10. After full curing, the add-on part can be installed with the max. torque (Table 2) by using a calibrated torque wrench.

Table 4: Minimum curing time

Concrete temperature	Gelling-working time	Minimum curing time in dry concrete	Minimum curing time in wet concrete
$\geq 5\text{ °C}$	120 min	50 h	100 h
$\geq + 10\text{ °C}$	90 min	30 h	60 h
$\geq + 20\text{ °C}$	30 min	10 h	20 h
$\geq + 30\text{ °C}$	20 min	6 h	12 h
$\geq + 40\text{ °C}$	12 min	4 h	8 h

SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete

Installation instructions (continuation)
Curing time

Annex 7

Steel brush

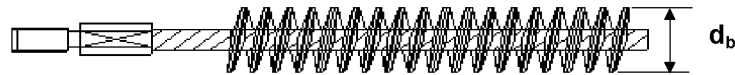


Table 5: Parameter cleaning and setting tools

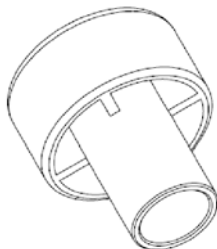
Threaded Rod	Rebar	d_0 Drill bit - \varnothing	d_b Brush - \varnothing	$d_{b,min}$ min. Brush - \varnothing	Piston plug
(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(No.)
M8		10	12	10,5	No piston plug required
M10	8	12	14	12,5	
M12	10	14	16	14,5	
	12	16	18	16,5	
M16	14	18	20	18,5	
	16	20	22	20,5	
M20	20	24	26	24,5	# 24
M24		28	30	28,5	# 28
M27	25	32	34	32,5	# 32
M30	28	35	37	35,5	# 35
	32	40	41,5	40,5	# 38



Hand pump (volume 750 ml)
Drill bit diameter (d_0): 10 mm to 20 mm



Rec. compressed air tool (min 6 bar)
Drill bit diameter (d_0): 10 mm to 40 mm



Piston plug for overhead or horizontal installation
Drill bit diameter (d_0): 24 mm to 40 mm

SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete

Cleaning and setting tools

Annex 8

Table 6a: Design according to TR 029, Characteristic values for tension loads in non-cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action											
Anchor size threaded rod				M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M 24	M 27	M 30
Steel failure											
Characteristic tension resistance, Steel, property class 4.6		$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Ms,N}^{1)}$		2,0							
Characteristic tension resistance, Steel, property class 5.8		$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	18	29	42	78	122	176	230	280
Characteristic tension resistance, Steel, property class 8.8		$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	29	46	67	125	196	282	368	449
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Ms,N}^{1)}$		1,50							
Characteristic tension resistance, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (\leq M24)		$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	26	41	59	110	171	247	230	281
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Ms,N}^{1)}$		1,87					2,86		
Combined pull-out and concrete cone failure											
Characteristic bond resistance in non-cracked concrete C20/25											
Temperature range I ⁴⁾ : 40°C/24°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	15	15	15	14	13	12	12	12
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	15	14	13	10	9,5	8,5	7,5	7,0
Temperature range II ⁴⁾ : 60°C/43°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	9,5	9,5	9,0	8,5	8,0	7,5	7,5	7,5
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	9,5	9,5	9,0	8,5	7,5	7,0	6,5	6,0
Temperature range III ⁴⁾ : 72°C/43°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	8,5	8,5	8,0	7,5	7,0	7,0	6,5	6,5
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	8,5	8,5	8,0	7,5	7,0	6,0	5,5	5,5
Increasing factors for concrete ψ_c		C30/37		1,04							
		C40/50		1,08							
		C50/60		1,10							
Splitting failure											
Edge distance		$c_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	$1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \leq 2 \cdot h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}} \right) \leq 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$							
Axial distance		$s_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	$2 c_{cr,sp}$							
Partial safety factor (dry and wet concrete)		$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$		1,8 ²⁾				2,1 ³⁾			
Partial safety factor (flooded bore hole)		$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$		2,1 ³⁾							
¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations ²⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included. ³⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included. ⁴⁾ Explanations see section 1.2											
SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete										Annex 9	
Application with threaded rod Design acc. to TR 029, Characteristic values for tension loads in non-cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action											

Table 6b: Design according to TR 029, Characteristic values for tension loads in cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action									
Anchor size threaded rod				M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30
Steel failure									
Characteristic tension resistance, Steel, property class 4.6		$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	34	63	98	141	184	224
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Ms,N}^{1)}$		2,0					
Characteristic tension resistance, Steel, property class 5.8		$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	42	78	122	176	230	280
Characteristic tension resistance, Steel, property class 8.8		$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	67	125	196	282	368	449
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Ms,N}^{1)}$		1,50					
Characteristic tension resistance, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (\leq M24)		$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	59	110	171	247	230	281
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Ms,N}^{1)}$		1,87			2,86		
Combined pull-out and concrete cone failure									
Characteristic bond resistance in cracked concrete C20/25									
Temperature range I ⁴⁾ : 40°C/24°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	7,5	6,5	6,0	5,5	5,5	5,5
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	7,5	6,0	5,0	4,5	4,0	4,0
Temperature range II ⁴⁾ : 60°C/43°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,5	4,0	3,5	3,5	3,5	3,5
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,5	4,0	3,5	3,5	3,5	3,5
Temperature range III ⁴⁾ : 72°C/43°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,0	3,5	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,0	3,5	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0
Increasing factors for concrete ψ_c		C30/37		1,04					
		C40/50		1,08					
		C50/60		1,10					
Splitting failure									
Edge distance		$c_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	$1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \leq 2 \cdot h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}} \right) \leq 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$					
Axial distance		$s_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	$2 c_{cr,sp}$					
Partial safety factor (dry and wet concrete)		$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$		1,8 ²⁾		2,1 ³⁾			
Partial safety factor (flooded bore hole)		$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$		2,1 ³⁾					
¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations ²⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included. ³⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included. ⁴⁾ Explanations see section 1.2									
SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete								Annex 10	
Application with threaded rod Design acc. to TR 029, Characteristic values for tension loads in cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action									

Table 7: Design according to TR 029, Characteristic values for shear loads in cracked and non-cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action											
Anchor size threaded rod			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30	
Steel failure without lever arm											
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 4.6	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	7	12	17	31	49	71	92	112	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}^{1)}$		1,67								
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 5.8	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	9	15	21	39	61	88	115	140	
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 8.8	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}^{1)}$		1,25								
Characteristic shear resistance, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (\leq M24)	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124	115	140	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}^{1)}$		1,56						2,38		
Steel failure with lever arm											
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 4.6	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[Nm]	15	30	52	133	260	449	666	900	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}^{1)}$		1,67								
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 5.8	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[Nm]	19	37	65	166	324	560	833	1123	
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 8.8	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[Nm]	30	60	105	266	519	896	1333	1797	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}^{1)}$		1,25								
Characteristic bending moment, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (\leq M24)	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[Nm]	26	52	92	232	454	784	832	1125	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}^{1)}$		1,56						2,38		
Concrete pry-out failure											
Factor k in equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of Bonded Anchors			2,0								
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mcp}^{1)}$		1,50 ²⁾								
Concrete edge failure											
See section 5.2.3.4 of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of Bonded Anchors											
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}^{1)}$		1,50 ²⁾								
¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations ²⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included.											
SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete								Annex 11			
Application with threaded rod Design acc. to TR 029, Characteristic values for shear loads in cracked and non-cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action											

Table 8a: Design according to TR 029, Characteristic values for tension loads in non-cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action												
Anchor size reinforcing bar		Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32		
Steel failure												
Characteristic tension resistance, reinforcing bar according to Annex 4		$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	$A_s \times f_{uk}^{5)}$								
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Ms,N}^{1)}$	TR 029 Section 3.2.2.2, Eq. 3.3a ⁵⁾									
Combined pull-out and concrete cone failure												
Characteristic bond resistance in uncracked concrete C20/25												
Temperature range I ⁴⁾ : 40°C/24°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	14	14	13	13	12	12	11	11	11
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	14	13	11	10	9,5	8,5	7,5	7,0	6,0
Temperature range II ⁴⁾ : 60°C/43°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	8,5	8,5	8,0	8,0	7,5	7,0	7,0	6,5	6,5
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	8,5	8,5	8,0	8,0	7,5	7,0	6,0	5,5	5,0
Temperature range III ⁴⁾ : 72°C/43°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	7,5	7,5	7,5	7,0	7,0	6,5	6,0	6,0	6,0
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	7,5	7,5	7,5	7,0	7,0	6,0	5,5	5,0	4,5
Increasing factors for concrete ψ_c		C30/37		1,04								
		C40/50		1,08								
		C50/60		1,10								
Splitting failure												
Edge distance		$c_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	$1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \leq 2 \cdot h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}} \right) \leq 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$								
Axial distance		$s_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	$2 c_{cr,sp}$								
Partial safety factor (dry and wet concrete)		$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$		1,8 ²⁾					2,1 ³⁾			
Partial safety factor (flooded bore hole)		$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$		2,1 ³⁾								
<p>1) In absence of other national regulations</p> <p>2) The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included.</p> <p>3) The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included.</p> <p>4) Explanations see section 1.2</p> <p>5) f_{uk}, f_{yk} see relevant Technical Specification for the reinforcing bar</p> <p>Regarding design of post-installed rebar as anchor see chapter 4.2</p>												
SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete										Annex 12		
Application with reinforcing bar Design acc. to TR 029, Characteristic values for tension loads in non-cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action												

Table 8b: Design according to TR 029, Characteristic values for tension loads in cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action										
Anchor size reinforcing bar				Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Steel failure										
Characteristic tension resistance, reinforcing bar according to Annex 4		$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	$A_s \times f_{uk}^{5)}$						
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Ms,N}^{1)}$		TR 029 Section 3.2.2.2, Eq. 3.3a ⁵⁾						
Combined pull-out and concrete cone failure										
Characteristic bond resistance in cracked concrete C20/25										
Temperature range I ⁴⁾ : 40°C/24°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	7,5	7,0	6,5	6,0	5,5	5,5	5,5
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	7,5	6,5	6,0	5,0	4,5	4,0	4,0
Temperature range II ⁴⁾ : 60°C/43°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,5	4,0	4,0	3,5	3,5	3,5	3,5
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,5	4,0	4,0	3,5	3,5	3,5	3,0
Temperature range III ⁴⁾ : 72°C/43°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,0	3,5	3,5	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,0	4,0	4,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0
Increasing factors for concrete ψ_c		C30/37		1,04						
		C40/50		1,08						
		C50/60		1,10						
Splitting failure										
Edge distance		$C_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	$1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \leq 2 \cdot h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}} \right) \leq 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$						
Axial distance		$S_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	$2 C_{cr,sp}$						
Partial safety factor (dry and wet concrete)		$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$		1,8 ²⁾			2,1 ³⁾			
Partial safety factor (flooded bore hole)		$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$		2,1 ³⁾						
<p>1) In absence of other national regulations</p> <p>2) The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included.</p> <p>3) The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included.</p> <p>4) Explanations see section 1.2</p> <p>5) f_{uk}, f_{yk} see relevant Technical Specification for the reinforcing bar</p> <p>Regarding design of post-installed rebar as anchor see chapter 4.2</p>										
SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete								Annex 13		
Application with reinforcing bar Design acc. to TR 029, Characteristic values for tension loads in cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action										

Table 9: Design according to TR 029, Characteristic values for shear loads in cracked and non-cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action									
Anchor size reinforcing bar	Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Steel failure without lever arm									
Characteristic shear resistance, reinforcing bar according to Annex 4	$V_{RK,s}$	[kN]	$0,50 \times A_s \times f_{uk}^{3)}$						
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}^{1)}$	TR 029 Section 3.2.2.2, Eq. 3.3 b+c ³⁾							
Steel failure with lever arm									
Characteristic bending moment, reinforcing bar according to Annex 4	$M_{RK,s}^0$	[Nm]	$1,2 \cdot W_{el} \cdot f_{uk}^{3)}$						
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}^{1)}$	TR 029 Section 3.2.2.2, Eq. 3.3 b+c ³⁾							
Concrete pry-out failure									
Factor k in equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of bonded anchors	2,0								
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mcp}^{1)}$	1,50 ²⁾							
Concrete edge failure									
See section 5.2.3.4 of Technical Report TR 029 for the design of Bonded Anchors									
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}^{1)}$	1,50 ²⁾							
<p>¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations ²⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included. ³⁾ f_{uk}, f_{yk} see relevant Technical Specification for the reinforcing bar</p> <p>Regarding design of post-installed rebar as anchor see chapter 4.2</p>									
SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete								Annex 14	
Application with reinforcing bar Design acc. to TR 029, Characteristic values for shear loads in cracked and non-cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action									

Table 10a: Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4: Characteristic values for tension loads in non-cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action											
Anchor size threaded rod			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30	
Steel failure											
Characteristic tension resistance, Steel, property class 4.6	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,N}^{1)}$		2,0								
Characteristic tension resistance, Steel, property class 5.8	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	18	29	42	78	122	176	230	280	
Characteristic tension resistance, Steel, property class 8.8	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	29	46	67	125	196	282	368	449	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,N}^{1)}$		1,50								
Characteristic tension resistance, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (\leq M24)	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	26	41	59	110	171	247	230	281	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,N}^{1)}$		1,87						2,86		
Combined pull-out and concrete failure											
Characteristic bond resistance in non-cracked concrete C20/25											
Temperature range I ⁴⁾ : 40°C/24°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	15	15	15	14	13	12	12	12
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	15	14	13	10	9,5	8,5	7,5	7,0
Temperature range II ⁴⁾ : 60°C/43°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	9,5	9,5	9,0	8,5	8,0	7,5	7,5	7,5
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	9,5	9,5	9,0	8,5	7,5	7,0	6,5	6,0
Temperature range III ⁴⁾ : 72°C/43°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	8,5	8,5	8,0	7,5	7,0	7,0	6,5	6,5
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	8,5	8,5	8,0	7,5	7,0	6,0	5,5	5,5
Increasing factors for concrete ψ_c	C30/37			1,04							
	C40/50			1,08							
	C50/60			1,10							
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.2.2.3	k_8	[-]	10,1								
Concrete cone failure											
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.2.3.1	K_{ucr}	[-]	10,1								
Edge distance	$c_{cr,N}$	[mm]	1,5 h_{ef}								
Axial distance	$s_{cr,N}$	[mm]	3,0 h_{ef}								
Splitting failure											
Edge distance	$c_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	$1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \leq 2 \cdot h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}} \right) \leq 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$								
Axial distance	$s_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	2 $c_{cr,sp}$								
Partial safety factor (dry and wet concrete)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$		1,8 ²⁾				2,1 ³⁾				
Partial safety factor (flooded bore hole)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$		2,1 ³⁾								
¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations ²⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included. ³⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included. ⁴⁾ Explanations see section 1.2											
SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete										Annex 15	
Application with threaded rod											
Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4 Characteristic values for tension loads in non-cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action											

Table 10b: Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4: Characteristic values for tension loads in cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action

Anchor size threaded rod			M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M27	M30	
Steel failure									
Characteristic tension resistance, Steel, property class 4.6	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	34	63	98	141	184	224	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,N}^{1)}$		2,0						
Characteristic tension resistance, Steel, property class 5.8	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	42	78	122	176	230	280	
Characteristic tension resistance, Steel, property class 8.8	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	67	125	196	282	368	449	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,N}^{1)}$		1,50						
Characteristic tension resistance, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (\leq M24)	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	59	110	171	247	230	281	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,N}^{1)}$		1,87				2,86		
Combined pull-out and concrete failure									
Characteristic bond resistance in cracked concrete C20/25									
Temperature range I ⁴⁾ : 40°C/24°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	7,5	6,5	6,0	5,5	5,5	5,5
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	7,5	6,0	5,0	4,5	4,0	4,0
Temperature range II ⁴⁾ : 60°C/43°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,5	4,0	3,5	3,5	3,5	3,5
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,5	4,0	3,5	3,5	3,5	3,5
Temperature range III ⁴⁾ : 72°C/43°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,0	3,5	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,0	3,5	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0
Increasing factors for concrete ψ_c	C30/37		1,04						
	C40/50		1,08						
	C50/60		1,10						
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.2.2.3	k_8	[-]	7,2						
Concrete cone failure									
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.2.3.1	k_{cr}	[-]	7,2						
Edge distance	$c_{cr,N}$	[mm]	1,5 h_{ef}						
Axial distance	$s_{cr,N}$	[mm]	3,0 h_{ef}						
Splitting failure									
Edge distance	$c_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	$1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \leq 2 \cdot h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}} \right) \leq 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$						
Axial distance	$s_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	2 $c_{cr,sp}$						
Partial safety factor (dry and wet concrete)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$		1,8 ²⁾			2,1 ³⁾			
Partial safety factor (flooded bore hole)	$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$		2,1 ³⁾						
¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations ²⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included. ³⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included. ⁴⁾ Explanations see section 1.2									
SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete							Annex 16		
Application with threaded rod Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4, Characteristic values for tension loads in cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action									

Table 11: Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4: Characteristic values for shear loads in cracked and non-cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action

Anchor size threaded rod			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30	
Steel failure without lever arm											
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 4.6	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	7	12	17	31	49	71	92	112	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}^{1)}$		1,67								
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 5.8	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	9	15	21	39	61	88	115	140	
Characteristic shear resistance, Steel, property class 8.8	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	15	23	34	63	98	141	184	224	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}^{1)}$		1,25								
Characteristic shear resistance, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (\leq M24)	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	13	20	30	55	86	124	115	140	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}^{1)}$		1,56						2,38		
Ductility factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.3.2.1	k_2		0,8								
Steel failure with lever arm											
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 4.6	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[Nm]	15	30	52	133	260	449	666	900	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}^{1)}$		1,67								
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 5.8	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[Nm]	19	37	65	166	324	560	833	1123	
Characteristic bending moment, Steel, property class 8.8	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[Nm]	30	60	105	266	519	896	1333	1797	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}^{1)}$		1,25								
Characteristic bending moment, Stainless steel A4 and HCR, property class 50 (>M24) and 70 (\leq M24)	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[Nm]	26	52	92	232	454	784	832	1125	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}^{1)}$		1,56						2,38		
Concrete pry-out failure											
Factor in equation (27) of CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.3.3	k_3		2,0								
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mcp}^{1)}$		1,50 ²⁾								
Concrete edge failure³⁾											
Effective length of anchor	l_f	[mm]	$l_f = \min(h_{ef}; 8 d_{nom})$								
Outside diameter of anchor	d_{nom}	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30	
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}^{1)}$		1,50 ²⁾								
<p>1) In absence of other national regulations</p> <p>2) The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included.</p> <p>3) See CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.3.4</p>											
SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete									Annex 17		
Application with threaded rod Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4, Characteristic values for shear loads in cracked and non-cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action											

Table 12a: Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4: Characteristic values for tension loads in non-cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action												
Anchor size reinforcing bar			Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32	
Steel failure												
Characteristic tension resistance, reinforcing bar according to Annex 4		$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	$A_s \times f_{uk}^{5)}$								
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Ms,N}^{1)}$		CEN/TS 1992-4-1 Section 4.4.3.1.1, Eq. 4 ⁵⁾								
Combined pull-out and concrete failure												
Characteristic bond resistance in non-cracked concrete C20/25												
Temperature range I ⁴⁾ : 40°C/24°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	14	14	13	13	12	12	11	11	11
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	14	13	11	10	9,5	8,5	7,5	7,0	6,0
Temperature range II ⁴⁾ : 60°C/43°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	8,5	8,5	8,0	8,0	7,5	7,0	7,0	6,5	6,5
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	8,5	8,5	8,0	8,0	7,5	7,0	6,0	5,5	5,0
Temperature range III ⁴⁾ : 72°C/43°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	7,5	7,5	7,5	7,0	7,0	6,5	6,0	6,0	6,0
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm ²]	7,5	7,5	7,5	7,0	7,0	6,0	5,5	5,0	4,5
Increasing factors for concrete ψ_c		C30/37		1,04								
		C40/50		1,08								
		C50/60		1,10								
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.2.2.3		k_8	[-]	10,1								
Concrete cone failure												
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.2.3.1		k_{ucr}	[-]	10,1								
Edge distance		$c_{cr,N}$	[mm]	1,5 h_{ef}								
Axial distance		$s_{cr,N}$	[mm]	3,0 h_{ef}								
Splitting failure												
Edge distance		$c_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	$1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \leq 2 \cdot h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}} \right) \leq 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$								
Axial distance		$s_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	2 $c_{cr,sp}$								
Partial safety factor (dry and wet concrete)		$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$		1,8 ²⁾					2,1 ³⁾			
Partial safety factor (flooded bore hole)		$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$		2,1 ³⁾								
<p>1) In absence of other national regulations</p> <p>2) The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included.</p> <p>3) The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included.</p> <p>4) Explanations see section 1.2</p> <p>5) f_{uk}, f_{yk} see relevant Technical Specification for the reinforcing bar</p>												
Regarding design of post-installed rebar as anchor see chapter 4.2												
SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete										Annex 18		
Application with reinforcing bar Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4 , Characteristic values for tension loads in non-cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action												

Table 12b: Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4: Characteristic values for tension loads in cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action										
Anchor size reinforcing bar			Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32	
Steel failure										
Characteristic tension resistance, reinforcing bar according to Annex 4		$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	$A_s \times f_{uk}^{5)}$						
Partial safety factor		$\gamma_{Ms,N}^{1)}$	CEN/TS 1992-4-1 Section 4.4.3.1.1, Eq. 4 ⁵⁾							
Combined pull-out and concrete failure										
Characteristic bond resistance in cracked concrete C20/25										
Temperature range I ⁴⁾ : 40°C/24°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	7,5	7,0	6,5	6,0	5,5	5,5	5,5
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	7,5	6,5	6,0	5,0	4,5	4,0	4,0
Temperature range II ⁴⁾ : 60°C/43°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,5	4,0	4,0	3,5	3,5	3,5	3,5
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,5	4,0	4,0	3,5	3,5	3,5	3,0
Temperature range III ⁴⁾ : 72°C/43°C	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,0	3,5	3,5	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0
	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm ²]	4,0	4,0	4,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0
Increasing factors for concrete ψ_c		C30/37		1,04						
		C40/50		1,08						
		C50/60		1,10						
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.2.2.3		k_8	[-]	7,2						
Concrete cone failure										
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.2.3.1		k_{cr}	[-]	7,2						
Edge distance		$C_{cr,N}$	[mm]	1,5 h_{ef}						
Axial distance		$S_{cr,N}$	[mm]	3,0 h_{ef}						
Splitting failure										
Edge distance		$C_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	$1,0 \cdot h_{ef} \leq 2 \cdot h_{ef} \left(2,5 - \frac{h}{h_{ef}} \right) \leq 2,4 \cdot h_{ef}$						
Axial distance		$S_{cr,sp}$	[mm]	2 $C_{cr,sp}$						
Partial safety factor (dry and wet concrete)		$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$		1,8 ²⁾			2,1 ³⁾			
Partial safety factor (flooded bore hole)		$\gamma_{Mp} = \gamma_{Mc} = \gamma_{Msp}^{1)}$		2,1 ³⁾						
<p>1) In absence of other national regulations</p> <p>2) The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.2$ is included.</p> <p>3) The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.4$ is included.</p> <p>4) Explanations see section 1.2</p> <p>5) f_{uk}, f_{yk} see relevant Technical Specification for the reinforcing bar</p>										
Regarding design of post-installed rebar as anchor see chapter 4.2										
SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete									Annex 19	
Application with reinforcing bar Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4 , Characteristic values for tension loads in cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action										

Table 13: Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4: Characteristic values for shear loads in cracked and non-cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action											
Anchor size reinforcing bar	Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32		
Steel failure without lever arm											
Characteristic shear resistance, reinforcing bar according to Annex 4	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	$0,50 \times A_s \times f_{uk}^{4)}$								
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}^{1)}$	CEN/TS 1992-4-1 Section 4.4.3.1.1, Eq. 5 + 6 ⁴⁾									
Ductility factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.3.2.1	k_2	0,8									
Steel failure with lever arm											
Characteristic bending moment, reinforcing bar according to Annex 4	$M_{Rk,s}^0$	[Nm]	$1,2 \cdot W_{el} \cdot f_{uk}^{4)}$								
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Ms,V}^{1)}$	CEN/TS 1992-4-1 Section 4.4.3.1.1, Eq. 5 + 6 ⁴⁾									
Concrete pry-out failure											
Factor in equation (27) of CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.3.3	k_3	2,0									
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mcp}^{1)}$	1,50 ²⁾									
Concrete edge failure³⁾											
Effective length of anchor	l_f	[mm]	$l_f = \min(h_{ef}; 8 d_{nom})$								
Outside diameter of anchor	d_{nom}	[mm]	8	10	12	14	16	20	24	27	30
Partial safety factor	$\gamma_{Mc}^{1)}$	1,50 ²⁾									
<p>¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations ²⁾ The partial safety factor $\gamma_2 = 1.0$ is included. ³⁾ See CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.3.4 ⁴⁾ f_{uk}, f_{yk} see relevant Technical Specification for the reinforcing bar</p> <p>Regarding design of post-installed rebar as anchor see chapter 4.2</p>											
SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete										Annex 20	
Application with reinforcing bar Design according to CEN/TS 1992-4 , Characteristic values for shear loads in cracked and non-cracked concrete under static and quasi-static action											

Table 14: Displacements for tension loads threaded rod ¹⁾										
Anchor size threaded rod			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30
Non-cracked concrete C20/25										
40°C/24°C ²⁾	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,011	0,013	0,015	0,020	0,024	0,029	0,032	0,035
	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,044	0,052	0,061	0,079	0,096	0,114	0,127	0,140
60°C/43°C ²⁾	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,013	0,015	0,018	0,023	0,028	0,033	0,037	0,043
	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,050	0,060	0,070	0,091	0,111	0,131	0,146	0,161
72°C/43°C ²⁾	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,013	0,015	0,018	0,023	0,028	0,033	0,037	0,043
	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,050	0,060	0,070	0,091	0,111	0,131	0,146	0,161
Cracked concrete C20/25										
40°C/24°C ²⁾	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	-		0,032	0,037	0,042	0,048	0,053	0,058
	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm ²)]		0,21	0,21	0,21	0,21	0,21	0,21	0,21
60°C/43°C ²⁾	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	-		0,037	0,043	0,049	0,055	0,061	0,067
	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm ²)]		0,24	0,24	0,24	0,24	0,24	0,24	0,24
72°C/43°C ²⁾	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	-		0,037	0,043	0,049	0,055	0,061	0,067
	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm ²)]		0,24	0,24	0,24	0,24	0,24	0,24	0,24
<p>¹⁾ Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{N0} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$; Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$; ($\tau_{Sd}$: design bond strength)</p> <p>²⁾ Explanations see section 1.2</p>										
Table 15: Displacement for shear load threaded rod ³⁾										
Anchor size threaded rod			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30
All temperatures	δ_{V0}	[mm/(kN)]	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03
	$\delta_{V\infty}$	[mm/(kN)]	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,05
<p>³⁾ Calculation of the displacement for design load Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_d / 1,4$; Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{V\infty} \cdot V_d / 1,4$; ($V_d$: design shear load)</p>										
SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete									Annex 21	
Application with threaded rod Displacements										

Table 16: Displacements for tension loads reinforcing bar ¹⁾

Anchor size reinforcing bar		Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32	
Non-cracked concrete C20/25											
40°C/24°C ²⁾	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,011	0,013	0,015	0,018	0,020	0,024	0,030	0,033	0,037
	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,044	0,052	0,061	0,070	0,079	0,096	0,118	0,132	0,149
60°C/43°C ²⁾	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,013	0,015	0,018	0,020	0,023	0,028	0,034	0,038	0,043
	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,050	0,060	0,070	0,081	0,091	0,111	0,136	0,151	0,172
72°C/43°C ²⁾	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,013	0,015	0,018	0,020	0,023	0,028	0,034	0,038	0,043
	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,050	0,060	0,070	0,081	0,091	0,111	0,136	0,151	0,172
Cracked concrete C20/25											
40°C/24°C ²⁾	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	-		0,032	0,035	0,037	0,042	0,049	0,055	0,061
	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm ²)]		0,21	0,21	0,21	0,21	0,21	0,21	0,21	0,21
60°C/43°C ²⁾	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	-		0,037	0,040	0,043	0,049	0,056	0,063	0,070
	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm ²)]		0,24	0,24	0,24	0,24	0,24	0,24	0,24	0,24
72°C/43°C ²⁾	δ_{N0}	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	-		0,037	0,040	0,043	0,049	0,056	0,063	0,070
	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm ²)]		0,24	0,24	0,24	0,24	0,24	0,24	0,24	0,24

¹⁾ Calculation of the displacement for design load
 Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{N0} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$;
 Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{N\infty} \cdot \tau_{Sd} / 1,4$;
 (τ_{Sd} : design bond strength)

²⁾ Explanations see section 1.2

Table 17: Displacement for shear loads reinforcing bar ³⁾

Anchor size reinforcing bar		Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32	
All temperatures	δ_{V0}	[mm/(kN)]	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03
	$\delta_{V\infty}$	[mm/(kN)]	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,04	0,04

³⁾ Calculation of the displacement for design load
 Displacement for short term load = $\delta_{V0} \cdot V_d / 1,4$;
 Displacement for long term load = $\delta_{V\infty} \cdot V_d / 1,4$;
 (V_d : design shear load)

SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete

Application with reinforcing bar
Displacements

Annex 22

Design according to TR 045; Design under seismic action

The decision of the selection of the seismic performance category is in the responsibility of each individual Member State.

Furthermore, the values of $a_g \cdot S$ assigned to the seismicity levels may be different in the National Annexes to EN 1998-1:2004 (EC8) compared to the values given in Table 18.

The recommended category C1 and C2 given in Table 18 are given in the case that no National requirements are defined.

Table 18: Recommended seismic performance categories for anchors

Seismicity level ^{a)}		Importance Class acc. to EN 1998-1:2004, 4.2.5			
	$a_g \cdot S$ ^{c)}	I	II	III	IV
Very low ^{b)}	$a_g \cdot S \leq 0,05 \text{ g}$	No additional requirement			
Low ^{b)}	$0,05 \text{ g} < a_g \cdot S \leq 0,1 \text{ g}$	C1	C1 ^{d)} or C2 ^{e)}		C2
< Low ^{b)}	$a_g \cdot S > 0,1 \text{ g}$	C1	C2		

a) The values defining the seismicity levels may be found in the National Annex of EN 1998-1.

b) Definition according to EN 1998-1:2004, 3.2.1.

c) a_g = Design ground acceleration on Type A ground (EN 1998-1: 2004, 3.2.1),
S = Soil factor (see e.g. EN 1998-1: 2004, 3.2.2).

d) C1 attachments of non-structural elements

e) C2 for connections between structural elements of primary and/or secondary seismic members

Calculation of characteristic seismic resistance $R_{k,seis}$

Tension load: $R_{k,seis} = \alpha_{gap} \cdot \alpha_{seis} \cdot \alpha_{N,seis} \cdot R_k^0$

with $R_k^0 = N_{Rk,s}, N_{Rk,p}, N_{Rk,c}, N_{Rk,sp}$ (calculation according to CEN/TS 1992-4 or TR029)

$\alpha_{N,seis}$ = see Table 19 or Table 20 for $N_{Rk,s}$ and $N_{Rk,p}$

$\alpha_{N,seis} = 1,0$ for $N_{Rk,c}$ and $N_{Rk,sp}$

α_{gap} = see Table 21

α_{seis} = see Table 21

Shear load: $R_{k,seis} = \alpha_{gap} \cdot \alpha_{seis} \cdot \alpha_{V,seis} \cdot R_k^0$

with $R_k^0 = V_{Rk,s}, V_{Rk,c}, V_{Rk,cp}$ (calculation according to CEN/TS 1992-4 or TR029)

$\alpha_{V,seis}$ = see Table 19 or Table 20 for $V_{Rk,s}$

$\alpha_{V,seis} = 1,0$ for $V_{Rk,c}$ and $V_{Rk,cp}$

α_{gap} = see Table 21

α_{seis} = see Table 21

SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete

Design according to TR 045; Design under seismic action

Annex 23

Table 19: Reduction factors $\alpha_{N,seis}$ and $\alpha_{V,seis}$ for seismic design category C1 for threaded rods									
Anchor size threaded rods			M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30	
Tension load									
Steel failure ($N_{Rk,s}$)	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	[-]	1,0						
Combined pull-out and concrete failure ($N_{Rk,p}$)	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	[-]	0,68	0,68	0,68	0,69	0,69	0,69	
Shear load									
Steel failure without lever arm ($V_{Rk,s}$)	$\alpha_{V,seis}$	[-]	0,70						
Table 20: Reduction factors $\alpha_{N,seis}$ and $\alpha_{V,seis}$ for seismic design category C1 for reinforcing bar									
Anchor size reinforcing bar			Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Tension load									
Steel failure ($N_{Rk,s}$)	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	[-]	1,0						
Combined pull-out and concrete failure ($N_{Rk,p}$)	$\alpha_{N,seis}$	[-]	0,68	0,68	0,68	0,68	0,69	0,69	0,69
Shear load									
Steel failure without lever arm ($V_{Rk,s}$)	$\alpha_{V,seis}$	[-]	0,70						
Table 21: Reduction factors α_{gap} and α_{seis} for resistance under seismic actions									
Loading	Failure modes	α_{gap}	α_{seis} - Single fastener	α_{seis} - Fastener group					
Tension	Steel failure	1,0	1,0	1,0					
	Pull-out failure	1,0	1,0	0,85					
	Combined pull-out and concrete failure	1,0	1,0	0,85					
	Concrete cone failure	1,0	0,85	0,75					
	Splitting failure	1,0	1,0	0,85					
Shear	Steel failure without lever arm	0,5 ¹⁾	1,0	0,85					
	Steel failure with lever arm	NPD ²⁾	NPD ²⁾	NPD ²⁾					
	Concrete edge failure	0,5 ¹⁾	1,0	0,85					
	Concrete pry-out failure	0,5 ¹⁾	0,85	0,75					
¹⁾ The limitation for size of the clearance hole is given in TR 029 Table 4.1, $\alpha_{gap} = 1,0$ in case of no clearance between fastener and fixture ²⁾ No Performance Determined									
SYMPAFIX Injection system X150-PLUS for concrete				Annex 24					
Design according to TR 045; Reduction factors									