



Approval body for construction products and types of construction

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

An institution established by the Federal and Laender Governments



European Technical Assessment

ETA-23/0273 of 2 April 2024

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment:

Trade name of the construction product

Product family

to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

StoTherm Classic AimS

Product area code: 4

External Thermal Insulation Composite System with rendering on expanded polystyrene intended for use on

building walls

Sto SE & Co. KGaA Ehrenbachstraße 1 79780 Stühlingen DEUTSCHLAND

Sto SE & Co. KGaA Ehrenbachstraße 1 79780 Stühlingen

17 pages including 5 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment

040083-00-0404



Page 2 of 17 | 2 April 2024

English translation prepared by DIBt

The European Technical Assessment is issued by the Technical Assessment Body in its official language. Translations of this European Technical Assessment in other languages shall fully correspond to the original issued document and shall be identified as such.

Communication of this European Technical Assessment, including transmission by electronic means, shall be in full. However, partial reproduction may only be made with the written consent of the issuing Technical Assessment Body. Any partial reproduction shall be identified as such.

This European Technical Assessment may be withdrawn by the issuing Technical Assessment Body, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission in accordance with Article 25(3) of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011.



Page 3 of 17 | 2 April 2024

English translation prepared by DIBt

Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

This product is an External Thermal Insulation Composite System (ETICS) with rendering - a kit comprising components which are factory-produced by the manufacturer or component suppliers. It's made up on site from these. The ETICS manufacturer is ultimately responsible for the ETICS.

The ETICS kit comprises a prefabricated insulation product of expanded polystyrene (EPS) to be bonded and if necessary additional mechanically fixed onto a wall. The methods of fixing and the relevant components are specified in annex 1.

The insulation product is faced with a rendering system consisting of one base and finishing coat (site applied), the base coat contains reinforcement. The rendering system is applied directly to the insulating panels, without any air gap or disconnecting layer.

The ETICS may include special fittings (e.g. base profiles, corner profiles ...) for connection to adjacent building elements (apertures, corners, parapets...). Assessment and performance of these components is not addressed in this ETA, however the ETICS-manufacturer is responsible for adequate compatibility and performance within the ETICS when the components are delivered as a part of the kit.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document

The performances in Section 3 can only be assumed if the ETICS is used in accordance with the specifications and under the boundary conditions specified in Annexes 2 to 5.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this ETA is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the "StoTherm Classic AimS" of at least 25 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the manufacturer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the assumed economically reasonable working life of the works.

For use, maintenance and repair, the finishing coat shall normally be maintained in order to fully preserve the ETICS performance. Maintenance includes at least:

- visual inspection of the ETICS,
- the repairing of localized damaged areas due to accidents.
- the aspect maintenance with products compatible with the ETICS (possibly after washing or ad hoc preparation).

Necessary repairs are to be carried out as soon as the need has been identified.

The information on use, maintenance and repair is given in the manufacturer's technical documentation.

It is the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure that this information is made known to the concerned people.



Page 4 of 17 | 2 April 2024

English translation prepared by DIBt

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire of the ETICS	(see annex 2) Euroclass according to EN 13501-1
Reaction to fire of the EPS-insulation product - Apparent density of the EPS-insulation product according to EN 1602	(see annex 2) Euroclass E according EN 13501-1 Value [kg/m³]
Facade fire performance	no performance assessed

3.2 Hygiene, health and environment (BWR 3)

Essential characteristic	Performance		
Release of dangerous substances	no performance assessed		
Water absorption Base coat	(see annex 3.1)		
after 1 hour after 24 hours	Average [kg/m²] Average [kg/m²]		
Rendering system after 1 hour after 24 hours EPS insulation product after 24 hours	Average [kg/m²] Average [kg/m²]		
Water-tightness of the ETICS: Hygrothermal behaviour on the test wall	Maximum value 0.5 kg/m² Pass without defects		
Water-tightness of the ETICS: Freeze/thaw behaviour	The water absorption of the base coats as well as the rendering systems is less than 0.5 kg/m² for all configurations of the ETICS. The ETICS is so assessed as free/thaw resistant.		
impact resistance	(see annex 3.2) Category		
Water vapour permeability - Rendering system	(see annex 3.3) s _d value [m]		
- EPS insulation product	μ = 20 - 70 Thickness of the insulation product 400 mm		



English translation prepared by DIBt

Page 5 of 17 | 2 April 2024

3.3 Safety and accessibility in use (BWR 4)

Essential characteristic	Performance		
Bond strength between base coat and EPS-insulation product	(see annex 4.1) - Minimal value/average [kPa], rupture type Initial state (28 d immersion) - Minimal value/average [kPa], rupture type: after hygrothermal cycles		
between adhesive and substrate	(see annex 4.2) - Thickness [mm] of the used adhesives - Minimal value/average [kPa]: rupture type: Initial state (dry conditions) - Minimal value/average [kPa]: rupture type: after 2 d immersion in water, 2 h drying - Minimal value/average [kPa]: rupture type: after 2 d immersion in water, 7 d drying		
between adhesive and EPS insulation	(see annex 4.3) - Thickness [mm] of the used adhesives - Minimal value/average [kPa]: rupture type: Initial state (dry conditions) - Minimal value/average [kPa]: rupture type: after 2 d immersion in water, 2 h drying - Minimal value/average [kPa]: rupture type: after 2 d immersion in water, 7 d drying		
Fixing strength (displacement test)	Test not required therefore no limitation of ETICS length required.		
Wind load resistance of ETICS pull-through test of fixing static foam block test	(see annex 4.4) - R _{panel} [kN/fixing], - R _{joint} [kN/fixing], - Plate diameter of anchor ≥ 60 mm resp. ≥ 90 mm - plate stiffness ≥ 0.3 kN/mm² - load resistance of the anchor plate ≥ 1.0 kN		
Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces in dry conditions standard EPS	σ _{mt} ≥ 80 kPa (bonded ETICS) σ _{mt} ≥ 100 kPa (mechanically fixed ETICS with supplementary adhesive)		
elastified EPS	σ _{mt} ≥ 80 kPa (mechanically fixed ETICS with supplementary adhesive		



Page 6 of 17 | 2 April 2024

English translation prepared by DIBt

Essential characteristic	Performance
Shear modulus of the ETICS standard EPS elastified EPS	$1.0 \le G_m \le 3.8 \text{ [MPa]} $ $0.3 \le G_m \le 1.0 \text{ [MPa]}$
Render strip tensile test	no performance assessed
Bond strength after ageing finishing coat tested on the rig finishing coat not tested on the rig	(see annex 4.5) Minimal value/average [kPa] Minimal value/average [kPa]
Tensile strength of the glass fibre mesh in the as-delivered state	(see annex 4.6) Average [N/mm]
Residual tensile strength of the glass fibre mesh after aging	(see annex 4.6) Average [N/mm]
Relative residual tensile strength of the glass fibre mesh after aging	(see annex 4.6) Average [%]
Elongation of the glass fibre mesh in the as-delivered state	(see annex 4.6) Average [%]
Elongation of the glass fibre mesh after aging	(see annex 4.6) Average [%]

3.4 Protection against noise (BWR 5)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Airborne sound insulation of ETICS	no performance assessed
Dynamic stiffness of the EPS insulation product	no performance assessed
Air flow resistance of the EPS insulation product	no performance assessed

3.5 Energy economy and heat retention (BWR 6)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Thermal resistance of ETICS	(see annex 5) Calculated value or measurement value R [(m² · K)/W]
Thermal transmittance of ETICS	(see annex 5) Calculated value or measurement value U [W/(m²·K)]



Page 7 of 17 | 2 April 2024

English translation prepared by DIBt

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with EAD 040083-00-0404 the applicable European legal act is: 97/556/EC changed by 2001/596/EC

The systems to be applied are:

Product	Intended use	Levels or classes (Reaction to fire)	Systems
"StoTherm Classic AimS" ETICS in external wall subject to fire regulations	A1 (1), A2 (1), B (1), C (1)	1	
	A1 ⁽²⁾ , A2 ⁽²⁾ , B ⁽²⁾ , C ⁽²⁾ , D, E, (A1 bis E) ⁽³⁾ , F	2+	
	ETICS in external wall not subject to fire regulations	any	2+

⁽¹⁾ Products/materials for which a clearly identifiable stage in the production process results in an improvement of the reaction to fire classification (e. g. an addition of fire retardants or a limiting of organic material)

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 2 April 2024 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Anja Rogsch beglaubigt:
Head of Section Klette

⁽²⁾ Products/materials not covered by footnote (1)

⁽³⁾ Products/materials that do not require to be tested for reaction to fire (e.g. products/materials of Classes A1 according to Commission Decision 96/603/EC)



Page 8 of 17 | 2 April 2024

English translation prepared by DIBt

Annex 1 Composition of the ETICS

	Components National application documents shall be taken into account	Coverage [kg/m²]	Thickness [mm]
Insulation	Bonded ETICS:		
material with	Insulation product		
associated method of	factory-prefabricated expanded polystyrene (EPS)*		
fixing	- standard EPS	_	≤ 400
	elastified EPS	_	≤ 200
	Adhesive		
	 Sto-Baukleber (cement based powder requiring addition of 21 – 23 % of water) 	3.0 to 7.5 (powder)	_
	 StoLevell Uni (cement based powder requiring addition of 24 – 26 % of water) 	3.0 to 7.5 (powder)	_
	 StoLevell Duo (cement based powder requiring addition of 20 – 23 % of water) 	3.0 to 7.5 (powder)	_
	 StoLevell Duo plus (cement based powder requiring addition of about 25 % of water) 	3.0 to 7.5 (powder)	_
	 StoLevell Duo plus QS (cement based powder requiring addition of 22 – 25 % of water) 	3.0 to 7.5 (powder)	_
	 StoLevell Novo (cement based powder requiring addition of about 37 % of water) 	3.0 to 7.5 (powder)	_
	 StoLevell FT (cement based powder requiring addition of about 28 % of water) 	3.0 to 7.5 (powder)	_
	 StoColl Mineral HP (cement based powder requiring addition of 23 – 25 % of water) 	3.0 to 7.5 (powder)	-
	- StoColl CX (cement based powder requiring addition of 23 – 25 % of water))	3.0 to 7.5 (powder)	_
	Mechanically fixed ETICS with anchors and supplementary adhesive:		
	Insulation product		
	factory-prefabricated expanded polystyrene (EPS)*		
	- standard EPS	_	60 to 400
	elastified EPS	_	60 to 200
	supplementary adhesive (equal to bonded ETICS)		
	Anchors for insulation product All anchors with ETA according to EAD 330196-01-0604¹		

Plastic anchors made of virgin or non-virgin material for fixing of external thermal insulation composite systems with rendering (and previous versions)

EAD330196-01-0604



Page 9 of 17 | 2 April 2024

English translation prepared by DIBt

	Components National application desuments shall be taken into account	Coverage	Thickness
Base coat	National application documents shall be taken into account StoArmat Classic AimS	[kg/m²] 4.5 to 10.0	[mm] 2.0 to 5.0
Dase Coat	Ready to use paste - acryldispersion	(powder)	2.0 10 3.0
Glass fibre	Sto-Glasfasergewebe	_	_
mesh	Alkali- and slide-resistant glass fibre mesh with mass per unit area of about 165 g/m² and mesh size of about 6.0 mm x 6.0 mm		
	Sto-Glasfasergewebe F	_	_
	Alkali- and slide-resistant glass fibre mesh with mass per unit area of about 165 g/m² and mesh size of about 4.0 mm x 4.0 mm		
Finishing	Ready to use pastes – acrylic-siloxan binder:		
coat	Stolit AimS K (particle size 1.5 to 3.0 mm)	2.3 to 4.3	regulated by
	StoSilco blue (particle size 1.5 to 3.0 mm)	2.3 to 4.3	particle size
Decorative	StoColor Lotusan AimS	[l/ m²]	
paint	StoColor Solical	0.2 to 0.4	
(optional)			
Ancillary material	Remains the responsibility of the manufacturer of FTIC.S		
* Factory-prefabricated, uncoated panels made of expanded polystyrene (EPS) acc.to EN 133163 shall be used			



Page 10 of 17 | 2 April 2024

English translation prepared by DIBt

Annex 2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

2.1 Reaction to fire

Configurations	Organic content	Flame retardant content	Euroclass according to EN 13501-1
Base coat	max. 7.0 %	min. 12.0 %	
EPS insulation product	Euroclass E according to EN 13501-1	Euroclass E according to EN 13501-1	
Profile	-	-]
Anchors	-	-	B - s2,d0
Rendering system: Base coat with finishing coat indi			
Stolit AimS K	max. 8.5 %	min 10.0 %	1
StoSilco blue	max. 9.4 %	min. 8.0 %	

2.2 Apparent density of the EPS-insulation product according to EN 1602

 $\rho_a \le 17 \text{ kg/m}^3$



Page 11 of 17 | 2 April 2024

English translation prepared by DIBt

Annex 3

Hygiene, health and environment (BWR 3)

3.1 Water absorption (capillarity test)

Base coat:

Base coat	Thickness	Average water absorption [kg/m²]	
		after 1 h	after 24 h
StoArmat Classic AimS	3 mm	0.015	0.255

Rendering system:

Rendering system:	Thickness	Average water al	water absorption [kg/m²]	
base coat "StoArmat Classic AimS" with finishing coat indicated hereafter		after 1 h	after 24 h	
Stolit AimS K	5 mm	0.021	0.154	
StoSilco blue	5 mm	0.027	0.386	

3.2 Impact resistance

Rendering system: base coat "StoArmat Classic AimS" with finishing coat indicated hereafter	Single mesh: Sto-Glasfasergewebe F
Stolit AimS K	II

The impact resistance of all other configurations of the ETICS is not assessed (no performance assessed).

3.3 Water vapour permeability

Rendering system: base coat "StoArmat Classic AimS" with finishing coat indicated hereafter	Equivalent air thickness s _d [m]
Stolit AimS K	≤ 1.0 m (Test result obtained with Stolit AimS MP: 0.20 m)
StoSilco blue	≤ 1.0 m (Test result obtained with StoSilco blue K2: 0.10 m)



Page 12 of 17 | 2 April 2024

English translation prepared by DIBt

Annex 4 Safety and accessibility in use (BWR 4)

4.1 Bond strength between base coat and insulation product (EPS)

		Failure Cond		Conditioning	onditioning	
		load	Initial state [kPa]	After hygrothermal cycles [kPa]	After freeze/thaw test	
StoArmat	Average	in insulation	120	120	Test not required because	
Classic AimS	Minimal value	product	109	85	freeze/thaw cycles not necessary	

4.2 Bond strength between adhesive and substrate

		Failure	Conditioning		
Untergrund: Beton		load	Initial state [kPa]	2 d immersion in water and 2 h drying [kPa]	2 d immersion in water and 7 d drying [kPa]
Sto- Baukleber	Average	In adhesive	2197	1110	3332
(5 mm)	Minimal value	in adhesive	2158	989	3105
StoLevell Uni	Average	In adhasiva	1793	637	2560
(5 mm)	Minimal value	In adhesive	1586	467	2489
StoLevell Duo	Average	la adhaaiya	1175	524	1874
(5 mm)	Minimal value	In adhesive	983	456	1660
StoLevell Duo plus	Average	la adhaaiya	1230	583	2020
(5 mm)	Minimal value	In adhesive	1166	501	1893
StoLevell Duo plus	Average	In adhesive	1264	523	2001
QS (5 mm)	QS (5 mm) Minimal value	in aunesive	961	341	1691
StoLevell Novo	Average	In adhesive	793	405	1059
(5 mm)	Minimal value	in adhesive	733	327	947
StoLevell FT	Average	In adhesive	1233	369	1157
(5 mm)	Minimal value	iii auriesive	784	299	1026



Page 13 of 17 | 2 April 2024

English translation prepared by DIBt

Substrate: concrete		Failure	Conditioning		
		load	Initial state [kPa]	2 d immersion in water and 2 h drying [kPa]	2 d immersion in water and 7 d drying [kPa]
StoColl CX	Average	In adhesive	1360	960	1830
(3 – 5 mm)	Minimal value	iii auriesive	1305	875	1759
StoColl Mineral HP	Average	In adhesive	2080	184	1790
(3 – 5 mm)	Minimal value	iii auriesive	1927	173	1732

4.3 Bond strength between adhesive and insulation product (EPS)

	Failure load		Conditioning		
			Initial state [kPa]	2 d immersion in water and 2 h drying [kPa]	2 d immersion in water and 7 d drying [kPa]
Sto- Baukleber	Average	In insulation	112	109	126
(3 – 5 mm)	Minimal value	product	96	105	119
StoLevell Uni	Average	In insulation	121	99	122
(3 – 5 mm)	Minimal value	product	112	81	112
StoLevell Duo	Average	In insulation	106	83	120
(3 – 5 mm)	Minimal value	product	92	73	118
StoLevell	Average	In insulation	109	74	101
Duo plus (3 – 5 mm)	Minimal value	product	99	58	81
StoLevell Duo plus	Average	In insulation	85	50	81
QS (3 – 5 mm)	Minimal value	product	74	45	67



Page 14 of 17 | 2 April 2024

English translation prepared by DIBt

		Failure	Conditioning		
		load	Initial state [kPa]	2 d immersion in water and 2 h drying [kPa]	2 d immersion in water and 7 d drying [kPa]
StoLevell Novo	Average	In insulation	115	74	108
(3 – 5 mm)	Minimal value	product	107	58	92
StoLevell FT	Average	In insulation	103	89	120
(3 – 5 mm)	Minimal value	product	84	84	113
StoColl CX	Average	In insulation	100	90	90
(3 – 5 mm)	Minimal value	product	93	90	91
StoColl Mineral HP	Average	In insulation	100	90	90
(3 – 5 mm)	Minimal value	product	88	87	80

Minimal bonded surface area

 $S [\%] = 0.03 \text{ N/mm}^2 \times 100 / 0.08 \text{ N/mm}^2$

S = 37.50 %

The minimal bonded surface S of bonded ETICS is 40 %.



Page 15 of 17 | 2 April 2024

English translation prepared by DIBt

4.4 Wind load resistance

The following failure loads only apply to the listed combination of component characteristics and the characteristics of the insulation product.

4.4.1 Safety in use of mechanically fixed ETICS using anchors

Apply to all anchors listed in annex 1 mounted on the insulation panels surface					
Characteristics of the EPS (standard Thickness Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces		≥ 60 mm			
		≥ 100 kPa			
EPS)	Shear modulus		≥ 1.0 l	N/mm²	
Plate diameter of anchor			∅ 60 mm		
plate stiffness			≥ 0.3 kN/mm		
load resistance	of the anchor plate		≥ 1.0 kN		
Failure loads Anchors not placed at the panel joints (Static Foam Block Test)		R _{panel}	Minimal: 0.51 Average: 0.52	Minimal: 0.72 Average: 0.73	
[kN]	Anchors placed at the panel joints (Pull-through test)	R _{joint}	Minimal: 0.40 Average: 0.43	Minimal: 0.43 Average: 0.47	

Apply to all anchors listed in annex 1 mounted on the insulation panels surface					
Characteristics	Thickness		≥ 60 mm		
of the EPS (elastified	Tensile strength perpendicular to the faces	;	≥ 80 kPa		
EPS)	Shear modulus		≥ 0.3 N/mm²		
Plate diameter o	Ø 60 mm				
plate stiffness			≥ 0.3 kN/mm		
load resistance of	of the anchor plate		≥ 1.0 kN		
Anchors not placed at the panel joints (Static Foam Block Test) R _{pal}		R _{panel}	Minimal: 0.35 Average: 0.36		
[kN]	Anchors placed at the panel joints (Pull-through test)	R _{joint}	Minimal: 0.30 Average: 0.31		

The failure loads specified above for a plate diameter of anchor of 60 mm apply to the following anchors with deep mounting but only on the following conditions of installation:

Anchor	Thickness of the EPS panel [t]	Conditions of installation*		
ejotherm STR U, ejotherm STR U 2G (ETA-04/0023)	t ≥ 80 mm (for standard and elastified EPS)	 Maximum installation depth of the anchor plate: 15 mm (≜ thickness of insulation cover) Incision depth: 20 mm 		
	t ≥ 100 mm (for standard and elastified EPS)	 Maximum installation depth of the anchor plate: 15 mm (≜ thickness of insulation cover) Incision depth: 35 mm 		
TERMOZ 8 SV (ETA-06/0180)	t ≥ 80 mm (for standard EPS only)	 Maximum installation depth of the anchor plate: 15 mm (≜ thickness of insulation cover) 		
* according to the appropriate ETA of anchor				



Page 16 of 17 | 2 April 2024

English translation prepared by DIBt

4.5 Bond strength after aging

Finishing coat with base coat indicated hereafter		After hygrothermal cycles [kPa] with base coat "StoArmat Classic AimS"
Stolit AimS K	Average	120
	Minimal value	96
StoSilco blue	Average	110
	Minimal value	82

4.6 Reinforcement (glass fibre mesh)

Sto-Glasfasergewebe	Average warp	Average weft
Tensile strength in as-delivered state	2154 N / 50 mm	2883 N / 50 mm
Residual tensile strength after aging	1274 N / 50 mm	1807 N / 50 mm
Relative residual tensile strength after aging	59.1 %	62.7 %
Elongation in as-delivered state	3.7 %	3.8 %
Elongation after aging	1.8 %	2.1 %

Sto-Glasfasergewebe F	Average warp	Average weft
Tensile strength in as-delivered state	2150 N / 50 mm	2450 N / 50 mm
Residual tensile strength after aging	1100 N / 50 mm	1380 N / 50 mm
Relative residual tensile strength after aging	59.1 %	62.7 %
Elongation in as-delivered state	3.7 %	3.8 %
Elongation after aging	1.8 %	2.1 %



Page 17 of 17 | 2 April 2024

English translation prepared by DIBt

Annex 5

Energy economy and heat retention (BWR 6)

5.1 Thermal resistance und thermal transmittance

The nominal value of the additional thermal resistance R provided by the ETICS to the substrate wall is calculated in accordance with EN ISO 6946 from the nominal value of the insulation product's thermal resistance R_D given accompanied to the CE marking and from the thermal resistance of the rendering system R_{render} which is about 0.02 (m²·K)/W.

$$R = R_D + R_{render}$$

The thermal bridges caused by mechanical fixing (anchors, profiles) increases the thermal transmittance U. This influence had to take into account according to EN ISO 6946

 $U_c = U + \chi_p \cdot n$

Where: U_c: corrected thermal transmittance [W/(m² · K)]

n: number of anchors per m²

 χ_p : local influence of thermal bridge caused by an anchor. The values

listed below can be taken into account if not specified in the

anchor's ETA:

 $\chi_p = 0.004 \text{ W/K}$ for anchors with a galvanized steel screw with the head covered by

a plastic material

 $\chi_p = 0.002 \text{ W/K}$ for anchors with a stainless steel screw covered by plastic anchors

and for anchors with an air gap at the head of the screw